SILICONWARE PRECISION INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.
AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS
DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

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For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the related consolidated statements of income, of changes in stockholders' equity and of cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. As described in Note 9, the investment income recognized for certain investee company accounted for under the equity method at December 31, 2006 was based on the financial statements audited by other independent accountants. As of December 31, 2006, the investment amounts of \$4,998,596 thousand and the related investment income of \$1,124,990 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2006 were recognized for this investee company.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the "Rules Governing Examination of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants" and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of other auditors, the accompanying consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the results of their consolidated operations and their consolidated cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with the "Rules Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", "Business Entity Accounting Law", "Regulation on Business Entity Accounting Handling" and accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of China.

As discussed in Note 3, commencing from January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the newly released Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 34, "Accounting for Financial Instruments" and No. 36, "Disclosure and Presentation of Financial Instruments."

March 7, 2008

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The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of the independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or audit standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

### $\frac{\text{SILICONWARE PRECISION INDUSTRIES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS}}$

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

	December 31,			
	2007	2006		
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash (Note 4)	\$ 22,624,658	\$ 14,731,488		
Notes receivable, net	116,622	41,111		
Accounts receivable, net (Notes 5 and 25)	11,257,006	9,182,701		
Other financial assets, current (Notes 25 and 26)	688,105	677,241		
Inventories (Note 6)	3,460,983	2,838,810		
Deferred income tax assets, current (Note 22)	1,268,774	726,822		
Other current assets - other	626,599	504,996		
	40,042,747	28,703,169		
Long-term Investments				
Available for sale financial assets, non-current (Notes 7 and 30)	4,873,284	7,883,601		
Financial assets carried at cost (Notes 8 and 30)	719,055	824,942		
Long-term investment under equity method (Note 9)		4,998,596		
	5,592,339	13,707,139		
Property, Plant and Equipment (Notes 10 and 25)				
Cost:				
Land	2,892,083	2,940,997		
Buildings	9,594,035	7,922,133		
Machinery and equipment	51,980,903	45,294,231		
Utility equipment	1,023,203	845,050		
Furniture and fixtures	819,737	663,820		
Other equipment	2,087,567	1,876,598		
	68,397,528	59,542,829		
Less: Accumulated depreciation	( 31,986,343)	( 27,537,920)		
Construction in progress and prepayments for equipment	2,211,180	1,844,789		
	38,622,365	33,849,698		
Other Assets				
Refundable deposits	10,457	11,122		
Deferred charges	766,713	690,805		
Deferred income tax asset, noncurrent (Note 22)	527,213	1,644,254		
Other assets - other (Note 11)	211,252	385,191		
	1,515,635	2,731,372		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 85,773,086	\$ 78,991,378		

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### SILICONWARE PRECISION INDUSTRIES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (CONTINUED) (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

	December 31,				
	2007	2006			
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Current Liabilities					
Short-term loans (Notes 12 and 30)	\$ 529,323	\$ 427,206			
Notes payable	769	-			
Accounts payable (Note 25)	6,430,221	4,116,616			
Income tax payable (Note 22)	1,501,656	947,382			
Accrued expenses (Note 25)	2,442,444	2,223,225			
Other payables (Notes 13 and 25)	2,633,392	1,829,129			
Current portion of long-term loans (Note 14)	-	18,687			
Other current liabilities	141,516	400,285			
	13,679,321	9,962,530			
Long-term Liabilities					
Bonds payable (Notes 14 and 30)	-	2,708,145			
Long-term loans (Notes 15 and 30)	2,995,871	3,092,609			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2,995,871	5,800,754			
Other Liabilities (Note 16)	189,740	291,881			
Total Liabilities	16,864,932	16,055,165			
Stockholders' Equity (Notes 1 and 17)					
Capital stock	30,734,245	28,877,574			
Capital reserve (Note 18)		_=,-,-,-,-			
Additional paid-in capital	14,456,352	12,526,844			
Premium arising from merger	1,951,563	1,951,563			
Other	250,709	167,246			
Retained earnings (Note 19)		,			
Legal reserve	3,340,131	2,003,494			
Special reserve	-	50,029			
Unappropriated earnings	17,761,366	13,413,928			
Unrealized gain on available for sale financial assets	1,160,659	4,765,148			
Cumulative translation adjustments	84,926	(22,276)			
Net loss not recognized as pension cost	( 37,613)	(1,787)			
Treasury stock (Note 20)	( 794,184)	( 795,550)			
Total Stockholders' Equity	68,908,154	62,936,213			
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Commitments and Contingencies (Note 27)					
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 85,773,086	\$ 78,991,378			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. See report of independent accountants dated March 7, 2008.

## SILICONWARE PRECISION INDUSTRIES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT EARNINGS PER SHARE DATA)

	For the years ended December 31,					
		20	007		20	06
Operating Revenues						
Sales (Note 25)	\$		66,541,680	\$		57,404,035
Sales allowances	(		364,351)	(		278,115)
Net operating revenues			66,177,329			57,125,920
Cost of Goods Sold (Note 25)	(		46,758,974)	(		41,893,872)
Gross Profit			19,418,355			15,232,048
Operating Expenses (Notes 25)						
Selling expenses	(		494,598)	(		717,065)
General and administrative expenses	(		1,441,499)	(		1,078,217)
Research and development expenses	(		1,287,951)	(		1,194,178)
	(		3,224,048)	(		2,989,460)
Operating Income			16,194,307			12,242,588
Non-operating Income and Gain						
Interest income (Note 30)			368,610			396,461
Investment income recognized under the equity method (Note 9)			246,410			1,153,630
Gain on disposal of investments (Note 9)			2,323,279			-
Others (Note 25)			689,309			703,427
			3,627,608			2,253,518
Non-operating Expenses and Losses						
Interest expenses (Note 30)	(		90,294)	(		130,443)
Impairment loss (Notes 3 and 21)			-	(		27,013)
Others (Note 25)	(		103,129)	(		61,007)
	(		193,423)	(		218,463)
Income from Continuing Operations Before Income Tax			19,628,492			14,277,643
Income Tax Expense (Note 22)	(		2,139,141)	(		948,574)
Net Income	\$		17,489,351	\$		13,329,069
	Bef	ore tax	After tax	Be	fore tax	After tax
Basic Earnings Per Share (in dollars) (Note 23)						
Net income	\$	6.51	\$ 5.80	\$	5.09	\$ 4.75
Diluted Earnings Per Share (in dollars) (Note 23)			<del>_</del>			
Net income	\$	6.48	\$ 5.77	\$	4.78	\$ 4.47

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. See report of independent accountants dated March 7, 2008.

# SILICONWARE PRECISION INDUSTRIES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 and 2006 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

				 F	Retained	Earni	ings	S	Unı	realized Gain						
										(Loss)						
									on .	Available for	Cu	mulative	Net Loss N	Vot		
			Capital	Legal	Spec	cial	Uı	nappropriated	Sa	ale Financial	Tra	anslation	Recognized	l as	Treasury	
	(	Capital Stock	Reserve	 Reserve	Rese	erve		Earnings		Assets	Adj	ustments	Pension Co	ost	Stock	Total
Balance at January 1, 2006	\$	23,289,193	\$ 8,853,379	\$ 1,179,104	\$ 141	,053	\$	8,241,034	(\$	737)	(\$	47,463)	(\$ 1,8	28) (\$	828,728) \$	40,825,007
Appropriation for legal reserve		-	-	824,390		-	(	824,390)		-		-		-	-	-
Reversal of special reserve		-	-	-	( 91	,024)		91,024		-		-		-	-	-
Remuneration to directors and supervisors		-	-	-		-	(	149,324)		-		-		-	- (	149,324)
Employees' cash bonus		-	-	-		-	(	463,284)		-		-		-	- (	463,284)
Employees' stock bonus		267,794	-	-		-	(	267,794)		-		-		-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-		-	(	4,169,558)		-		-		-	- (	4,169,558)
Stock dividends		2,410,149	-	-		-	(	2,410,149)		-		-		-	-	-
Unrealized gain on available for sale financial assets		-	-	-		-		-		4,765,885		-		-	-	4,765,885
Conversion of Euro convertible bonds		2,778,697	5,692,509	-		-		-		-		-		-	-	8,471,206
Employee stock option exercised		131,741	15,729	-		-		-		-		-		-	-	147,470
Long-term investment adjustment for investee																
company's additional paid-in capital		-	30,645	-		-		37,300		-		-		-	-	67,945
Long-term investment adjustment for investee																
company's cumulative translation adjustment		-	-	-		-		-		-		25,187		-	-	25,187
Reversal of long-term investment adjustment for																
investee company's unrecognized pension cost		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		41	-	41
Long-term investment adjustment for																
investee company's treasury stock variances		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-	33,178	33,178
Cash dividends from treasury stock held																
by subsidiaries		-	53,391	-		-		-		-		-		-	-	53,391
Net income			-			_		13,329,069								13,329,069
Balance at December 31, 2006	\$	28,877,574	\$ 14,645,653	\$ 2,003,494	\$ 50	,029	\$	13,413,928	\$	4,765,148	(\$	22,276)	(\$ 1,7	87) (\$	795,550) \$	62,936,213

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# SILICONWARE PRECISION INDUSTRIES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

IOUSANDS OF NEW TATWAN DOLLA

			]	Retained Earni	ngs	_				
						Unrealized				
						Gain (Loss) or	ı			
						Available for	Cumulative	Net Loss Not		
		Capital	Legal	Special	Unappropriated	Sale Financial	Translation	Recognized as	Treasury	
	Capital Stock	Reserve	Reserve	Reserve	Earnings	Assets	Adjustments	Č	Stock	Total
Balance at January 1, 2007	\$ 28,877,574	\$ 14,645,653	\$ 2,003,494	\$ 50,029	\$ 13,413,928	\$ 4,765,148	(\$ 22,276)	(\$ 1,787)	(\$ 795,550) \$	62,936,213
Appropriation for legal reserve	-	-	1,336,637	-	( 1,336,637)	) -	-	-	-	-
Reversal of special reserve	-	-	-	( 50,029)	50,029	-	-	-	-	-
Remuneration to directors and supervisors	-	-	-	-	( 120,797)	-	-	-	- (	120,797)
Employees' cash bonus	-	-	-	-	( 821,415)	-	-	-	- (	821,415)
Employees' stock bonus	352,035	-	-	-	( 352,035)	) -	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	( 9,974,332)	) -	-	-	- (	9,974,332)
Stock dividends	586,726	-	-	-	( 586,726)	-	-	-	-	-
Conversion of Euro convertible bonds	807,112	1,929,508	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,736,620
Employee stock option exercised	110,798	( 16,313)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	94,485
Long-term investment adjustment for										
investee company's additional paid-in capital	-	( 18,200)	-	_	-	-	-	-	- (	18,200)
Long-term investment adjustment for investee										
company's cumulative translation adjustment							107,202			107,202
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities	_	_	_	_	_	( 3,604,489)		_	- (	3,604,489)
	_		_		_	( 3,004,402)	-	_	- (	3,004,407)
Long-term investment adjustment for										
investee company's treasury stock variances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,366	1,366
Reversal of long-term investment adjustment for										
investee company's unrecognized pension cost	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	1,787	_	1,787
Net loss not recognized as pension cost	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		- (	37,613)
• •								( 37,013)	- (	37,013)
Cash dividends from treasury stock held		117.076								117.076
by subsidiaries	-	117,976	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	117,976
Net income					17,489,351					17,489,351
Balance at December 31, 2007	\$ 30,734,245	\$ 16,658,624	\$ 3,340,131	\$ -	\$ 17,761,366	\$ 1,160,659	\$ 84,926	(\$ 37,613)	(\$ 794,184)	68,908,154

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. See report of independent accountants dated March 7, 2008.

### SILICONWARE PRECISION INDUSTRIES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

Cash flows from operating activities         2007         2006           Net income         \$ 17,489,351         \$ 13,329,068           Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash Provided by operating activities:         \$ 7,603,913         6,752,711           Depreciation         564,893         541,718           Amortization         564,893         541,718           Bad debt expense         8,800         11,982           Gain on disposal of investments         2,323,279         82,908           Provision for (recovery of) loss on obsolescence and decline in market value of inventrories         3,871         2,323,299           Long-term investment income under the equity method         46,410         1,155,363           Cash dividends received from long-term investment under equity method         46,410         1,155,363           Cash dividends received from long-term investment under equity method         48,528         2,701           Investment loss         3,891         2           Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment         8,670         45,258           Provision for loss on idle assets         42,752         3,381           Compensation interest on bonds payable         3,78         113,157           Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable		For the years ended December 31,				
Net income         \$ 17,489,351         \$ 13,329,069           Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:         \$ 7,603,913         6,752,711           Depreciation         7,603,913         6,752,711           Amortization         564,893         541,718           Bad debt expense         8,800         11,982           Reversal of sales allowance         (19,532)         (111,05)           Gain on disposal of investments         2,323,279         (182,908)           Provision for (recovery of) loss on obsolescence and decline in market value of inventories         18,471         2,329           Long-term investment income under the equity method         246,410         1,153,630           Cash dividends received from long-term investment under equity method         246,410         1,153,630           Cash dividends received from long-term investment under equity method         8,670         45,268           Impairment loss         3,891         -         -           Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment         8,670         45,268           Provision for loss on idle assets         62,790         6,537           Compensation interest on bonds payable         34,880         113,157           (Increase) decrease in assets         62,790         6,537 <th></th> <th></th> <th>2007</th> <th></th> <th>2006</th>			2007		2006	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation 7,603,913 6,752,711  Amortization 564,893 541,718  Bad debt expense 8,800 11,982  Reversal of sales allowance (19,532) (11,705)  Gain on disposal of investments (2,323,279) (82,908)  Provision for (recovery of) loss on obsolescence and decline in market value of inventories 18,471 (2,329)  Long-term investment income under the equity method (246,410) (1,153,630)  Cash dividends received from long-term investment under equity method (246,410) (1,153,630)  Investment loss 3,891 - 27,013  Investment loss 3,891 - 27,013  Investment loss 3,891 - 27,013  Investment loss 48,528 27,672  Amortization of discount on long-term notes 62,790 65,37  Compensation interest on bonds payable 36 30,810  Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable 34,880 (113,157)  (Increase) decrease in assets:  Notes receivable (75,511) 115,788  Accounts receivable (75,517) 97,824  Other financial assets, current 53,214 131,029  Inventories (75,077) 97,824  Other current assets (75,077) 97,824  Other current	Cash flows from operating activities					
Depreciation	Net income	\$	17,489,351	\$	13,329,069	
Depreciation         7,603,913         6,752,711           Amortization         564,893         541,718           Bad debt expense         8,800         11,982           Reversal of sales allowance         (19,532)         11,705           Gain on disposal of investments         (2323,279)         82,908)           Provision for (recovery of) loss on obsolescence and decline in market value of inventories         18,471         2,329           Long-term investment income under the equity method         (246,410)         1,153,630)           Cash dividends received from long-term investment under equity method         -         175,742           Impairment loss         3,891         -         27,013           Investment loss on idle assets         48,528         27,672           Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment         (8,670)         45,268)           Provision for loss on idle assets         48,528         27,672           Amortization of discount on long-term notes         62,790         6,537           Compensation interest on bonds payable         36         30,810           Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable         34,880         113,157           (Increase) decrease in assets:         2,042,049         336,037           Other financial assets, cu	Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash					
Amortization         564,893         541,718           Bad debt expense         8,800         11,982           Reversal of sales allowance         ( 19,532)         ( 11,705)           Gain on disposal of investments         ( 2,323,279)         ( 82,908)           Provision for (recovery of) loss on obsolescence and decline in market value of inventories         18,471         ( 2,329)           Long-term investment income under the equity method         ( 246,410)         ( 1,153,630)           Cash dividends received from long-term investment under equity method         - 175,742         175,742           Impairment loss         3,891         - 27,013           Investment loss         3,891         - 3           Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment         ( 8,670)         ( 45,268)           Provision for loss on idle assets         48,528         27,672           Amortization of discount on long-term notes         62,790         6,537           Compensation interest on bonds payable         34,880         113,157           (Increase) decrease in assets:         ( 75,511)         115,788           Accounts receivable         ( 75,511)         115,788           Accounts receivable         ( 75,511)         115,788           Accounts receivable         ( 635,695)	provided by operating activities:					
Bad debt expense         8,800         11,982           Reversal of sales allowance         ( 19,532)         ( 11,705)           Gain on disposal of investments         ( 2,323,279)         ( 82,908)           Provision for (recovery of) loss on obsolescence and decline in market value of inventories         18,471         ( 2,329)           Long-term investment income under the equity method         ( 246,410)         ( 1,153,630)           Cash dividends received from long-term investment under equity method Investment loss         - 27,013         - 27,013           Investment loss         3,891         - 27,013         - 27,013           Investment loss         3,891         - 3,262         - 2,262           Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment         ( 8,670)         ( 45,268)         27,672           Amortization of discount on long-term notes         62,790         6,537         6,537         Compensation interest on bonds payable         36         30,810         113,157           (Increase) decrease in assets:         ( 75,511)         115,788         Accounts receivable         ( 75,511)         115,788           Accounts receivable         ( 75,511)         115,788         Accounts receivable         ( 33,695)         ( 30,214)           Other financial assets, current         53,214         131,029	Depreciation		7,603,913		6,752,711	
Reversal of sales allowance         ( 19,532) ( 2,323,279) ( 82,908)           Gain on disposal of investments         ( 2,323,279) ( 82,908)           Provision for (recovery of) loss on obsolescence and decline in market value of inventories         18,471 ( 2,329)           Long-term investment income under the equity method         ( 246,410) ( 1,153,630)           Cash dividends received from long-term investment under equity method Impairment loss         - 27,013           Investment loss         3,891         - 27,013           Investment loss on dile assets         48,528         27,672           Amortization of discount on long-term notes         62,790 ( 45,268)           Provision for loss on idle assets         48,528         27,672           Amortization of discount on long-term notes         62,790 ( 6,537)         6,537           Compensation interest on bonds payable         34,880 ( 113,157)         (Increase) decrease in assets:           Notes receivable         ( 75,511) ( 115,788         115,788           Accounts receivable         ( 2,042,049) ( 336,037         04her financial assets, current         53,214 ( 131,029           Inventories         ( 635,695) ( 30,214)         05,041         04,042           Deferred income tax assets         575,077 ( 97,824         04her current assets         132,388 ( 14,987           Increase (decrease) in l	Amortization		564,893		541,718	
Gain on disposal of investments         (2,323,279)         (82,908)           Provision for (recovery of) loss on obsolescence and decline in market value of inventories         18,471         (2,329)           Long-term investment income under the equity method         (246,410)         (1,153,630)           Cash dividends received from long-term investment under equity method         - 175,742           Impairment loss         3,891         - 27,013           Investment loss         3,891         - 27,013           Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment         (8,670)         (45,268)           Provision for loss on idle assets         48,528         27,672           Amortization of discount on long-term notes         62,790         6,537           Compensation interest on bonds payable         36         30,810           Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable         34,880         113,157)           (Increase) decrease in assets:         (75,511)         115,788           Accounts receivable         (75,511)         115,788           Accounts receivable         (75,511)         115,788           Accounts receivable         (75,511)         336,037           Other financial assets, current         53,214         131,029           Inventories         (75,517)	Bad debt expense		8,800		11,982	
Provision for (recovery of) loss on obsolescence and decline in market value of inventories         18,471 ( 2,329)           Long-term investment income under the equity method         246,410) ( 1,153,630)           Cash dividends received from long-term investment under equity method Impairment loss         - 27,013           Investment loss         3,891         - 27,013           Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment         ( 8,670) ( 45,268)           Provision for loss on idle assets         48,528         27,672           Amortization of discount on long-term notes         6,537         6,537           Compensation interest on bonds payable         36         30,810           Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable         34,880 ( 113,157)           (Increase) decrease in assets:         ( 75,511)         115,788           Accounts receivable         ( 75,511)         115,788           Accounts receivable         ( 2,042,049)         336,037           Other financial assets, current         53,214         131,029           Inventories         ( 635,695)         ( 30,214)           Deferred income tax assets         575,077         97,824           Other current assets         769         5,493           Increase (decrease) in liabilities:         769         5,493	Reversal of sales allowance	(	19,532)	(	11,705)	
market value of inventories       18,471 (       2,329)         Long-term investment income under the equity method       (       246,410) (       1,153,630)         Cash dividends received from long-term investment under equity method       -       175,742         Impairment loss       3,891       -         Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment       (       8,670) (       45,268)         Provision for loss on idle assets       48,528       27,672         Amortization of discount on long-term notes       62,790       6,537         Compensation interest on bonds payable       36       30,810         Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable       34,880 (       113,157)         (Increase) decrease in assets:       (       75,511)       115,788         Accounts receivable       (       75,511)       115,788         Accounts receivable       (       75,511)       115,788         Accounts receivable       (       2,042,049)       336,037         Other financial assets, current       53,214       131,029         Inventories       (       635,695)       30,214)         Deferred income tax assets       (       755,077       97,824         Other current assets       (       132,388) </td <td>Gain on disposal of investments</td> <td>(</td> <td>2,323,279)</td> <td>(</td> <td>82,908)</td>	Gain on disposal of investments	(	2,323,279)	(	82,908)	
Long-term investment income under the equity method         ( 246,410) ( 1,153,630)           Cash dividends received from long-term investment under equity method         - 175,742           Impairment loss         - 27,013           Investment loss         3,891         - 27,013           Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment         ( 8,670) ( 45,268)           Provision for loss on idle assets         48,528         27,672           Amortization of discount on long-term notes         62,790 ( 6,537)           Compensation interest on bonds payable         36 ( 30,810)           Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable         34,880 ( 113,157)           (Increase) decrease in assets:         ( 75,511) ( 115,788)           Accounts receivable         ( 75,511) ( 115,788)           Accounts receivable         ( 2,042,049) ( 336,037)           Other financial assets, current         53,214 ( 131,029)           Inventories         ( 635,695) ( 30,214)           Deferred income tax assets         ( 132,388) ( 132,388)           Other current assets         ( 132,388) ( 132,388)           Increase (decrease) in liabilities:         ( 36,651)           Notes payable         769 ( 5,493)           Accounts payable         23,03,799 ( 1,009,711)           Income tax payable         554,274	Provision for (recovery of) loss on obsolescence and decline in					
Cash dividends received from long-term investment under equity method       -       175,742         Impairment loss       -       27,013         Investment loss       3,891       -         Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment       (8,670)       45,268         Provision for loss on idle assets       48,528       27,672         Amortization of discount on long-term notes       62,790       6,537         Compensation interest on bonds payable       36       30,810         Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable       34,880       113,157)         (Increase) decrease in assets:       ***       ***         Notes receivable       (75,511)       115,788         Accounts receivable       (2,042,049)       336,037         Other financial assets, current       53,214       131,029         Inventories       (635,695)       30,214         Deferred income tax assets       (75,517)       97,824         Other current assets       (132,388)       41,987         Increase (decrease) in liabilities:       769       5,493         Accounts payable       2,303,799       1,009,711         Income tax payable       554,274       794,366         Accrued expenses       221,311       5	market value of inventories		18,471	(	2,329)	
Impairment loss         -         27,013           Investment loss         3,891         -           Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment         (8,670)         45,268           Provision for loss on idle assets         48,528         27,672           Amortization of discount on long-term notes         62,790         6,537           Compensation interest on bonds payable         36         30,810           Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable         34,880         113,157           (Increase) decrease in assets:         34,880         113,157           Notes receivable         (75,511)         115,788           Accounts receivable         (75,511)         131,029           Inventories         (75,517)         97,824           Other current assets         575,077         97,824           Other payable         2,303,799         1,009,711           Income tax payable	Long-term investment income under the equity method	(	246,410)	(	1,153,630)	
Investment loss         3,891         -           Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment         ( 8,670)         ( 45,268)           Provision for loss on idle assets         48,528         27,672           Amortization of discount on long-term notes         62,790         6,537           Compensation interest on bonds payable         36         30,810           Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable         34,880         ( 113,157)           (Increase) decrease in assets:             Notes receivable         ( 75,511)         115,788           Accounts receivable         ( 2,042,049)         336,037           Other financial assets, current         53,214         131,029           Inventories         ( 635,695)         30,214           Deferred income tax assets         575,077         97,824           Other current assets         ( 132,388)         41,987           Increase (decrease) in liabilities:         769         5,493           Notes payable         2,303,799         1,009,711           Income tax payable         554,274         794,366           Accrued expenses         221,131         561,278           Other payables         413,761         368,631	Cash dividends received from long-term investment under equity method		-		175,742	
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment       ( 8,670) ( 45,268)         Provision for loss on idle assets       48,528       27,672         Amortization of discount on long-term notes       62,790       6,537         Compensation interest on bonds payable       36       30,810         Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable       34,880 ( 113,157)         (Increase) decrease in assets:       ***         Notes receivable       ( 75,511)       115,788         Accounts receivable       ( 2,042,049)       336,037         Other financial assets, current       53,214       131,029         Inventories       ( 635,695)       ( 30,214)         Deferred income tax assets       575,077       97,824         Other current assets       ( 132,388)       41,987         Increase (decrease) in liabilities:       ***         Notes payable       769       5,493         Accounts payable       2,303,799       1,009,711         Income tax payable       554,274       794,366         Accrued expenses       221,131       561,278         Other payables       413,761       368,631)         Other current liabilities       ( 64,436)       94,763         Other liabilities       9,175	Impairment loss		-		27,013	
Provision for loss on idle assets         48,528         27,672           Amortization of discount on long-term notes         62,790         6,537           Compensation interest on bonds payable         36         30,810           Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable         34,880         113,157)           (Increase) decrease in assets:         ***         ***           Notes receivable         ( 75,511)         115,788           Accounts receivable         ( 2,042,049)         336,037           Other financial assets, current         53,214         131,029           Inventories         ( 635,695)         ( 30,214)           Deferred income tax assets         575,077         97,824           Other current assets         ( 132,388)         41,987           Increase (decrease) in liabilities:         **         769         5,493           Accounts payable         2,303,799         1,009,711           Income tax payable         554,274         794,366           Accrued expenses         221,131         561,278           Other payables         413,761         368,631           Other current liabilities         ( 64,436)         94,763           Other liabilities         9,175         -	Investment loss		3,891		-	
Amortization of discount on long-term notes         62,790         6,537           Compensation interest on bonds payable         36         30,810           Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable         34,880         113,157)           (Increase) decrease in assets:         ***         ***           Notes receivable         ( 75,511)         115,788           Accounts receivable         ( 2,042,049)         336,037           Other financial assets, current         53,214         131,029           Inventories         ( 635,695)         ( 30,214)           Deferred income tax assets         575,077         97,824           Other current assets         ( 132,388)         41,987           Increase (decrease) in liabilities:         **         769         5,493)           Accounts payable         2,303,799         1,009,711)           Income tax payable         554,274         794,366           Accrued expenses         221,131         561,278           Other payables         413,761         368,631)           Other current liabilities         ( 64,436)         94,763           Other liabilities         9,175         -           Accrued pension liabilities         3,798         3,268	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(	8,670)	(	45,268)	
Compensation interest on bonds payable         36         30,810           Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable         34,880         (113,157)           (Increase) decrease in assets:	Provision for loss on idle assets		48,528		27,672	
Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable       34,880 (       113,157)         (Increase) decrease in assets:	Amortization of discount on long-term notes		62,790		6,537	
(Increase) decrease in assets:       ( 75,511)       115,788         Accounts receivable       ( 2,042,049)       336,037         Other financial assets, current       53,214       131,029         Inventories       ( 635,695)       ( 30,214)         Deferred income tax assets       575,077       97,824         Other current assets       ( 132,388)       41,987         Increase (decrease) in liabilities:       769       ( 5,493)         Notes payable       2,303,799       ( 1,009,711)         Income tax payable       554,274       794,366         Accrued expenses       221,131       561,278         Other payables       413,761       ( 368,631)         Other current liabilities       ( 64,436)       94,763         Other liabilities       9,175       -         Accrued pension liabilities       3,798       3,268	Compensation interest on bonds payable		36		30,810	
Notes receivable       ( 75,511)       115,788         Accounts receivable       ( 2,042,049)       336,037         Other financial assets, current       53,214       131,029         Inventories       ( 635,695)       ( 30,214)         Deferred income tax assets       575,077       97,824         Other current assets       ( 132,388)       41,987         Increase (decrease) in liabilities:       769       5,493)         Accounts payable       2,303,799       1,009,711)         Income tax payable       554,274       794,366         Accrued expenses       221,131       561,278         Other payables       413,761       368,631)         Other current liabilities       ( 64,436)       94,763         Other liabilities       9,175       -         Accrued pension liabilities       3,798       3,268	Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable		34,880	(	113,157)	
Accounts receivable       ( 2,042,049)       336,037         Other financial assets, current       53,214       131,029         Inventories       ( 635,695)       ( 30,214)         Deferred income tax assets       575,077       97,824         Other current assets       ( 132,388)       41,987         Increase (decrease) in liabilities:       769       ( 5,493)         Accounts payable       2,303,799       ( 1,009,711)         Income tax payable       554,274       794,366         Accrued expenses       221,131       561,278         Other payables       413,761       368,631)         Other current liabilities       ( 64,436)       94,763         Other liabilities       9,175       -         Accrued pension liabilities       3,798       3,268	(Increase) decrease in assets:					
Other financial assets, current       53,214       131,029         Inventories       (635,695)       (30,214)         Deferred income tax assets       575,077       97,824         Other current assets       (132,388)       41,987         Increase (decrease) in liabilities:       769       5,493)         Notes payable       2,303,799       1,009,711)         Income tax payable       554,274       794,366         Accrued expenses       221,131       561,278         Other payables       413,761       368,631)         Other current liabilities       (64,436)       94,763         Other liabilities       9,175       -         Accrued pension liabilities       3,798       3,268)	Notes receivable	(	75,511)		115,788	
Inventories       ( 635,695) ( 30,214)         Deferred income tax assets       575,077 97,824         Other current assets       ( 132,388) 41,987         Increase (decrease) in liabilities:       T69 ( 5,493)         Notes payable       2,303,799 ( 1,009,711)         Income tax payable       554,274 794,366         Accrued expenses       221,131 561,278         Other payables       413,761 ( 368,631)         Other current liabilities       ( 64,436) 94,763         Other liabilities       9,175 -         Accrued pension liabilities       3,798 ( 3,268)	Accounts receivable	(	2,042,049)		336,037	
Inventories       ( 635,695) ( 30,214)         Deferred income tax assets       575,077 97,824         Other current assets       ( 132,388) 41,987         Increase (decrease) in liabilities:       T69 ( 5,493)         Notes payable       2,303,799 ( 1,009,711)         Income tax payable       554,274 794,366         Accrued expenses       221,131 561,278         Other payables       413,761 ( 368,631)         Other current liabilities       ( 64,436) 94,763         Other liabilities       9,175 -         Accrued pension liabilities       3,798 ( 3,268)	Other financial assets, current		53,214		131,029	
Other current assets       ( 132,388)       41,987         Increase (decrease) in liabilities:       769 ( 5,493)         Notes payable       2,303,799 ( 1,009,711)         Income tax payable       554,274 794,366         Accrued expenses       221,131 561,278         Other payables       413,761 ( 368,631)         Other current liabilities       ( 64,436) 94,763         Other liabilities       9,175 -         Accrued pension liabilities       3,798 ( 3,268)		(	635,695)	(	30,214)	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:       769 ( 5,493)         Notes payable       2,303,799 ( 1,009,711)         Income tax payable       554,274 794,366         Accrued expenses       221,131 561,278         Other payables       413,761 ( 368,631)         Other current liabilities       ( 64,436) 94,763         Other liabilities       9,175 -         Accrued pension liabilities       3,798 ( 3,268)	Deferred income tax assets		575,077		97,824	
Notes payable       769 (       5,493)         Accounts payable       2,303,799 (       1,009,711)         Income tax payable       554,274 794,366         Accrued expenses       221,131 561,278         Other payables       413,761 (       368,631)         Other current liabilities       (       64,436) 94,763         Other liabilities       9,175 -       -         Accrued pension liabilities       3,798 (       3,268)	Other current assets	(	132,388)		41,987	
Accounts payable       2,303,799 ( 1,009,711)         Income tax payable       554,274 794,366         Accrued expenses       221,131 561,278         Other payables       413,761 ( 368,631)         Other current liabilities       ( 64,436) 94,763         Other liabilities       9,175 -         Accrued pension liabilities       3,798 ( 3,268)	Increase (decrease) in liabilities:					
Income tax payable       554,274       794,366         Accrued expenses       221,131       561,278         Other payables       413,761 ( 368,631)         Other current liabilities       ( 64,436)       94,763         Other liabilities       9,175       -         Accrued pension liabilities       3,798 ( 3,268)	Notes payable		769	(	5,493)	
Accrued expenses       221,131       561,278         Other payables       413,761       368,631         Other current liabilities       ( 64,436)       94,763         Other liabilities       9,175       -         Accrued pension liabilities       3,798       3,268	Accounts payable		2,303,799	(	1,009,711)	
Accrued expenses       221,131       561,278         Other payables       413,761       368,631         Other current liabilities       ( 64,436)       94,763         Other liabilities       9,175       -         Accrued pension liabilities       3,798       3,268	Income tax payable		554,274		794,366	
Other payables       413,761 ( 368,631)         Other current liabilities       ( 64,436) 94,763         Other liabilities       9,175 -         Accrued pension liabilities       3,798 ( 3,268)	* *					
Other current liabilities(64,436)94,763Other liabilities9,175-Accrued pension liabilities3,798(3,268)	•		•	(		
Other liabilities 9,175 - Accrued pension liabilities 3,798 ( 3,268)	1 2	(	·	`		
Accrued pension liabilities 3,798 ( 3,268)		`			-	
			•	(	3,268)	
	Net cash provided by operating activities		24,422,581	`	20,250,012	

(Continued)

### SILICONWARE PRECISION INDUSTRIES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

	For the years ended December 31,				
	2007			2006	
Cash flows from investing activities					
(Payment for) refund of security deposits	(\$	52,395)	\$	9,200	
Decrease (increase) of financial assets carried at cost		9,163	(	687,840)	
Purchase of available for sale financial assets	(	2,523,529)		-	
Proceeds from disposal of long-term investments		9,563,882		91,386	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(	12,151,393)	(	11,038,964)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and					
equipment		397,046		268,735	
Payment for deferred charges	(	638,421)	(	468,465)	
Receipt of (payment for) refundable deposits		683	(	1,191)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(	5,394,964)	(	11,827,139)	
Cash flows from financing activities					
Proceeds from short-term loans		73,745		331,107	
Repayment of long-term loans	(	166,443)	(	2,046,184)	
Redemption of bonds payable	(	18,945)		-	
(Repayment) receipt of deposit-in	(	340,983)		256,453	
Proceeds from the exercise of employee stock option		94,485		147,470	
Remuneration to directors and supervisors	(	120,798)	(	149,324)	
Payment of cash dividends and employees' bonuses	(	10,677,739)	(	4,579,452)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(	11,156,678)	(	6,039,930)	
Effect on foreign currency exchange		22,231		7,712	
Net increase in cash		7,893,170		2,390,655	
Cash at the beginning of the year		14,731,488		12,340,833	
Cash at the end of the year	\$	22,624,658	\$	14,731,488	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:					
Cash paid for interest	\$	91,459	\$	134,525	
Cash paid for income tax	\$	994,542	\$	51,222	
Supplemental disclosures of partial cash paid for investing activities:					
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	\$	12,540,792	\$	10,703,697	
Add: Payable at the beginning of the year		1,327,112		1,662,379	
Less: Payable at the end of the year	(	1,716,511)	(	1,327,112)	
Cash paid	\$	12,151,393	\$	11,038,964	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. See report of independent accountants dated March 7, 2008

# SILICONWARE PRECISION INDUSTRIES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE)

#### 1. <u>HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION</u>

(1) Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the Company Law of the Republic of China (ROC) in May 1984 and was listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange in April 1993. As of December 31, 2007, issued common stock was \$30,734,245. The Company is mainly engaged in the assembly, testing and turnkey services of integrated circuits. As of December 31, 2007, the Company and its subsidiaries had 16,071 employees.

#### (2) Consolidated Subsidiaries:

% of ownership held by the named investors as of December 31, 2007 2006 Name of investor Name of subsidiaries Main operating activities The Company Siliconware Investment Investment activities 100% 100% Company Ltd. 100% 100% The Company SPIL (B.V.I.) Investment activities Holding Limited SPIL (B.V.I.) Siliconware USA, Inc. Communications and 100% 100% **Holding Limited** (SUI) relationship maintenance with companies headquartered in North America SPIL (B.V.I.) SPIL (Cayman) Investment activities 100% 100% Holding Limited Holding Limited 100% 100% SPIL (Cayman) Siliconware Technology Manufacturing and **Holding Limited** (Suzhou) Limited processing of module assembly, flash memory card and related products

#### (3) Non-consolidated subsidiaries:

None.

(4) Adjustments for subsidiaries with different accounting periods:

Not applicable.

(5) Extraordinary risks from foreign subsidiaries:

Not applicable.

(6) Material limitations for capital transfer from the subsidiaries to the parent company

Not applicable.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with the "Rules Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", "Business Entity Accounting Law", "Regulation on Business Entity Accounting Heading" and generally accepted accounting principles in the Republic of China. Significant accounting policies are summarized as follows:

#### Consolidation

The Company adopted the Statement of Accounting Standards No. 7, "Consolidated Financial Statements", which requires an entity to consolidate all of the subsidiaries which it owns, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of the voting rights and which it owns, directly or indirectly, less than 50% of the voting rights but has effective control. Significant inter-company transactions and balances between the Company and its subsidiaries are eliminated.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosures of contingencies at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, costs of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### Translation of Foreign Currency Transactions on Subsidiaries' Financial Statements

The financial statements of foreign subsidiaries are translated into New Taiwan dollars using the spot rate as of each financial statement date for asset and liability accounts, average exchange rate for profit and loss accounts, spot rate for dividend and historical exchange rates for equity accounts. The cumulative translation effects for subsidiaries using functional currencies other than the New Taiwan dollar are included in the "cumulative translation adjustment" in stockholders' equity.

#### Foreign Currency Transactions

The Company and its subsidiaries maintain their accounts in New Taiwan dollars and their functional currencies, respectively. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into functional currencies at the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into functional currencies at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses arising from the aforementioned translations are recognized in the current year's results.

#### Classification of current and non-current assets/liabilities

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
  - (1) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized or consumed, or are intended to be sold within the normal operation cycle;

- (2) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
- (3) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
- (4) Cash or cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to pay off liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities.
  - (1) Liabilities arising from operating activities that are expected to be paid off within the normal operating cycle;
  - (2) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
  - (3) Liabilities that are to be paid off within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - (4) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable expected to be collected over one year are recorded at present value by using predetermined interest rate whereas those expected to be collected within one year are not reported at present value due to the fact that the difference between the maturity value and the fair value discounted by implicit interest rate is immaterial and the frequency of transactions is high.

#### Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The allowance for doubtful accounts is estimated based on the evaluation of collectibility and aging analysis of notes receivables, accounts receivable and other receivables.

#### Allowance for Sales Discounts

The allowance for sales discounts is provided based on the estimated allowance to be incurred and is recorded as deduction of accounts receivable.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are recorded at cost when acquired under a perpetual inventory system and are stated at the lower of aggregate cost, determined by the weighted-average method and total inventory approach, or market value at the balance sheet date. The market values of raw materials and supplies are determined on the basis of replacement cost, while market values of finished goods and work in process are determined on the basis of net realizable value. The allowance for loss on obsolescence and decline in market value is recorded based on inventory aging and obsolescence, when necessary.

#### Available-for-sale financial assets

Investments in equity securities are recorded at the transaction date, rather than settlement date. Available-for-sale securities are measured at fair value at balance sheet date with changes in fair value recorded as adjustments to the shareholders' equity. The accumulated adjustments of

unrealized gain or loss are realized in earnings in the period when the financial assets are disposed. Fair values of listed securities are measured at their closing price at balance sheet date. The Company recognizes impairment loss whenever there is objective evidence of impairment. Subsequent recovery of such impairment loss shall be recorded as adjustments to shareholder's equity rather than current earnings.

#### Financial assets carried at cost

Equity securities measured at fair value along with transaction costs are recorded at the transaction date. Equity securities without quoted market values are recorded at cost. The Company recognizes impairment loss whenever there is objective evidence of impairment. Such impairment loss shall not be reversed when the fair value of the asset subsequently increases.

#### Long-term Investments accounted for under the equity method

- A. Long-term equity investments in which the Company owns at least 20% of the voting rights of the investee companies are accounted for under the equity method, unless the Company cannot exercise significant influence over the investee company. The excess of the acquisition cost over the investee's fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is capitalized as goodwill and tested for impairment annually. No prior period adjustment is required for the amortization in previous years. Long-term equity investments in which the Company holds more than 50% of the voting stocks or has controlling interests over the investee companies are included in the annual and semi-annual consolidated financial statements.
- B. Unrealized gains and losses from transactions between the Company and investee companies accounted for under the equity method are deferred. Profit (loss) from sales of depreciable assets between the investee and the Company is amortized to income over the assets' economic service lives. Unrealized gain from other types of intercompany transactions is reported as deferred credits classified as current or non-current liabilities.
- C. When the Company's proportional interest in an equity investee changes after the equity investee issues new shares, the effect of change in the Company's holding ratio on long-term investment is adjusted to capital reserve. If capital reserve account is insufficient, the effect is then charged to retained earnings.
- D. The Company's proportionate share of the foreign investee's cumulative translation adjustments related to the translation of the foreign investee's financial statements into New Taiwan dollars is recognized as "Cumulative Translation Adjustments" in the stockholders' equity.

#### Property, Plant and Equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost. Interest incurred relating to the construction of property, plant and equipment is capitalized and depreciated accordingly.
- B. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the assets' estimated economic

service lives, plus an additional year as the salvage value. Salvage values of fixed assets which are still in use after reaching their estimated economic service lives are depreciated over their new estimated remaining service lives. The service lives of fixed assets are 3 to 25 years, except for buildings, which are 35 to 55 years.

- C. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Significant renewals and improvements are capitalized and depreciated accordingly. When fixed assets are disposed, their original cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the corresponding accounts, with gain or loss recorded as non-operating income or loss.
- D. Idled assets are stated at the lower of book value or net realizable value and are reclassified to other assets. Differences between book value and net realizable value are reported as losses in current earnings.

#### **Deferred Charges**

The costs of computer software system purchased externally and tooling costs are recognized as deferred charges and amortized on the straight-line basis over the useful lives of 2 to 10 years. Convertible bond issuance costs are amortized over the period of the bonds.

#### Land Use Right

The rental cost for Siliconware Technology (Suzhou) Limited to lease the land from the local government is recognized as land use right and amortized on the straight-line method over the contract periods of 50 to 70 years.

#### **Bonds Payable**

According to Interpretation letter ref. (95) 078, "Compound Financial Instrument with Multiple Embedded Derivatives Issue", issued by R.O.C. Accounting Research and Development Foundation (ARDF), the Company's accounting policies for its convertible bonds issued on or prior to December 31, 2005 are as follows:

- A. The excess of the stated redemption price over the par value is recognized as interest expense and compensation interest payable using the effective interest method during the period from the issuance date to the last day of the redemption period.
- B. When a bondholder exercises his/her conversion rights, the book value of bonds is credited to common stock at an amount equal to the par value of the stock and the excess to capital reserve; no gain or loss is recognized on bond conversion.
- C. The related issuance costs of convertible bonds are recorded as deferred charges and amortized over the period of the bonds.
- D. For convertible bonds with redemption options, the right of redemption becomes invalid if the bondholder fails to exercise his/her redemption right upon expiration. The balance of the compensation interest payable is amortized over the period from the date following the expiration date to the maturity date using the effective interest method. However, if the fair value of common stocks, which would have been converted on the expiration date of the redemption right, is higher than the redemption price, compensation interest should be reclassified from the liability to additional paid-in capital.
- E. The convertible bonds with redemption options are classified as current or non-current

liabilities based on the date of redemption.

#### Pension Cost

Under a defined benefit plan, the net pension cost is computed based on an actuarial valuation. The unrecognized net asset or net obligation at transition is amortized over 15 years on a straight-line basis. Under a defined contribution plan, the Company shall make monthly contribution to employees' individual pension accounts. These contributions are recorded as pension costs in the current period.

#### **Income Tax**

- A. In accordance with ROC SFAS No. 22, "Accounting for Income Taxes", the income tax effect resulting from temporary differences and investment tax credits is recorded as deferred income tax assets or liabilities using the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets or liabilities are further classified into current or noncurrent and carried at net balance. Valuation allowance on deferred tax assets is provided to the extent that it is more likely than not that the tax benefit will not be realized.
- B. The Company adopted ROC SFAS No. 12, "Accounting for Investment Tax Credits", in determining the investment tax credits. The investment tax credits relating to the acquisition cost of qualifying equipment or technology, qualifying research and development expenditure, qualifying personnel training expenditure and qualifying investments in significant technology companies are recognized as income tax adjustments in the period the tax credits arise.
- C. Over or under provisions of prior years' income tax liabilities are included in the current period's income tax expense.
- D. The Taiwan imputation tax system requires that any undistributed earnings in domestic consolidated entities be subject to an additional 10% corporate income tax, which is recognized as tax expense at the time when the stockholders resolve the distribution of retained earnings.
- E. Pursuant to the ROC Alternative Minimum Tax Act effective on January 1, 2006, the domestic consolidated entities are required to calculate Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT), a supplemental 10% tax on taxable income including most income that is exempted from regular income tax under various legislations, in addition to the regular tax. If the amount of alternative minimum tax is greater than that of the regular tax, the excess amount shall be reported as current tax expense.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Revenues are recognized when services are provided based on transaction terms and when collectibility is reasonably assured.

#### Research and Development

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred.

#### **Employee Stock Option Plan**

According to Interpretation letter ref. (92) 072, "Accounting for Employee Stock Option Plans", issued by ARDF, the Company adopts intrinsic value method for the recording of compensation expenses.

#### **Treasury Stock**

- A. The Company records treasury stock purchases under the cost method whereby the entire cost of the acquired stock is recorded as treasury stock and as a reduction of shareholders' equity.
- B. Upon subsequent disposal of the treasury stock, the excess of the proceeds from disposal over the book value, determined by the weighted-average method, is credited to capital reserve. However, if the book value of the treasury stock exceeds the proceeds from disposal, the excess is first charged against capital reserve arising from treasury stock and the remainder, if any, is charged against retained earnings.
- C. Stock of the Company held by the subsidiaries is treated as treasury stock. Subsidiaries' gain on disposal of the Company's stock and the cash dividend income received from the Company are recorded as additional paid-in capital treasury stock.

#### Earnings per Share

- A. Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is calculated by taking into consideration additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the equivalent diluted shares had been issued.
- B. The Company's dilutive potential common shares are employee stock options and convertible bonds. In computing the dilutive effects of the employee stock options and convertible bonds, the Company applies the treasury stock method and if-converted method, respectively.

#### Impairment Loss of Non-financial Assets

- A. The Company recognizes impairment loss whenever an event occurs or evidence indicates the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is measured as the higher of net selling price or value in use. Net selling price is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's-length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, after deducting any direct incremental disposal costs. The value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life.
- B. An impairment loss recognized in prior years is reversed if the impairment loss caused by a specific external event of an exceptional nature is not expected to recur. However, the restored amount is limited to the amount of impairment loss previously recognized. Impairment loss for goodwill cannot be reversed.

#### 3. <u>EFFECTS OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES</u>

- A. Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the amended SFAS No. 1, "Conceptual Framework for Financial Accounting and Preparation of Financial Statements", SFAS No. 5, "Accounting for Long-term Equity Investment", SFAS No. 7, "Consolidated Financial Statements", SFAS No. 25, "Business Combinations Accounting Treatment under Purchase Method" and SFAS No. 35, "Accounting for Assets Impairment", which discontinued amortization of goodwill. This change of accounting principle had no effect on the financial statements.
- B. Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the newly released SFAS No. 34, "Accounting for Financial Instruments" and No. 36, "Disclosure and Presentation of Financial Instruments." As a result of the adoption of SFAS No. 34 and SFAS No. 36, total assets and total shareholders' equity increased by \$9,277,206 as of December 31, 2006 with no impact on net income and earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2006.

#### 4. CASH

	December 31,				
		2007		2006	
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	2,029	\$	1,967	
Savings accounts and checking accounts		1,659,703		900,744	
Time deposits		20,962,926		13,828,777	
	\$	22,624,658	\$	14,731,488	

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the interest rates for time deposits ranged from 1.56% to 4.90% and from 1.16% to 5.34%, respectively.

#### 5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

		December 31,					
	_	2007		2006			
Accounts receivable	\$	11,326,063	\$	9,262,446			
Less:							
Allowance for sales discounts	(	35,943)	(	55,475)			
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(	33,114)	(	24,270)			
	\$	11,257,006	\$	9,182,701			

#### 6. <u>INVENTORIES</u>

	December 31,				
	2007			2006	
Raw materials and supplies	\$	2,876,326	\$	2,495,977	
Work in process		414,088		305,710	
Finished goods		236,954		84,910	
		3,527,368		2,886,597	
Less: Allowance for loss on obsolescence					
and decline in market value of inventories	(	66,385)	(	47,787)	
	\$	3,460,983	\$	2,838,810	

#### 7. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS – NON-CURRENT

	 December 31,					
	 2007		2006			
Cost of listed securities	\$ 3,992,468	\$	3,118,283			
Valuation adjustment	 880,816		4,765,318			
	\$ 4,873,284	\$	7,883,601			

#### 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS CARRIED AT COST – NON-CURRENT

		December 31,				
	2007			2006		
Unlisted security	\$	719,055	\$	824,942		

There are no reliable quoted prices for unlisted securities, and therefore these investments are carried at cost.

#### 9. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR UNDER THE EQUITY METHOD

#### A. Details of long-term investments in stocks are summarized as follows:

	December 31,						
	20	007	20	006			
Investee company	Amount	Percentage of ownership	Amount	Percentage of ownership			
Equity method:							
ChipMOS Technologies Inc.	\$ -	-	\$ 4,998,596	28.76%			
Double Win Enterprise Co., Ltd.	84,450	24.14%	84,450	24.14%			
	84,450		5,083,046				
Less: Accumulated impairment loss	(84,450)	)	(84,450)				
	\$ -		\$ 4,998,596				

- B. For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Company recognized investment income of \$246,410 and \$1,153,630, respectively, for all investees accounted for under the equity method based on investees' audited financial statements by weighted-average percentage of stock ownership.
- C. On March 27, 2007, the Company disposed its common stock ownership in ChipMOS Technologies Inc. for US\$191,147 thousand and recognized gain on disposal of investment of \$793,492. Also, the Company acquired common stock ownership in ChipMOS Technologies (Bermuda) Ltd., the parent company of ChipMOS Technologies Inc., through private stock offering for US\$76,459 thousand and reported the investment as available for sale financial asset noncurrent.
- D. Due to the merger of Sigurd, one of the Company's investees originally accounted for under the equity method, with the other company in 2006, the Company's percentage of ownership has been reduced to below 20% and the Company is unable to exercise significant influence on Sigurd. The Company reclassified the investment in Sigurd as available-for-sale financial asset non-current. As of December 31, 2007, the Company has disposed all of its holding common shares of Sigurd and recognized disposal gain of \$208,184.

#### 10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	December 31, 2007					
	Accumulated					
		Cost	Ċ	lepreciation	_ <u>F</u>	Book value
Land	\$	2,892,083	\$	-	\$	2,892,083
Buildings		9,594,035	(	2,577,486)		7,016,549
Machinery and equipment		51,980,903	(	27,322,744)		24,658,159
Utility equipment		1,023,203	(	488,759)		534,444
Furniture and fixtures		819,737	(	453,303)		366,434
Other equipment		2,087,567	(	1,144,051)		943,516
Construction in progress and						
prepayments for equipment		2,211,180	_	<u> </u>		2,211,180
	\$	70,608,708	(\$	31,986,343)	\$	38,622,365
			Dec	ember 31, 2006	5	
			A	Accumulated		
		Cost	Ċ	lepreciation	Book value	
Land	\$	2,940,997	\$	-	\$	2,940,997
Buildings		7,922,133	(	2,139,091)		5,783,042
Machinery and equipment		45,294,231	(	23,649,108)		21,645,123
Utility equipment		845,050	(	413,059)		431,991
Furniture and fixtures		663,820	(	363,940)		299,880
Other equipment		1,876,598	(	972,722)		903,876
Construction in progress						
and prepayments for equipment		1,844,789	_	<u>-</u>		1,844,789
	\$	61,387,618	( <u>\$</u>	27,537,920)	\$	33,849,698

For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, total interest expenses amounted to \$31,910 and \$131,404, respectively, of which \$4,460 and \$961 were capitalized as property, plant and equipment. The interest rate used to calculate the capitalized interest was 6.156% in both years.

#### 11. OTHER ASSETS—OTHER

As of December 31, 2006, the cost of the land registered under an officer's name was \$108,087. The title of the land aforementioned was transferred to the Company on April 19, 2007.

#### 12. SHORT-TERM LOANS

	December 31,				
Nature of loans	2007			2006	
Credit loans	\$	529,323	\$	427,206	
Interest rates	5.99	5.99%~7.00%		4.86%~5.99%	

#### 13. OTHER PAYABLES

	 December 31,			
	 2007		2006	
Payables for equipment	\$ 1,716,511	\$	1,326,811	
Other payables	 916,881		502,318	
	\$ 2,633,392	\$	1,829,129	

#### 14. BONDS PAYABLE

	December 31,				
	20	07		2006	
Euro convertible bonds payable	\$	-	\$	2,724,455	
Add : Compensation interest payable				2,377	
		-		2,726,832	
Less: Current portion of bonds payable		_	(	18,687)	
	\$		\$	2,708,145	

- A. On January 28, 2002, the Company issued five-year (from January 28, 2002 to January 28, 2007) zero coupon Euro convertible bonds amounting to US\$200,000 (in thousands) listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. As of December 31, 2007, all of the convertible bonds issued in 2002 have been converted into common stocks, redeemed, or retired after repurchased from the market.
- B. On February 5, 2004, the Company issued five-year (from February 5, 2004 to February 5, 2009) zero coupon Euro convertible bonds amounting to US\$200,000 (in thousands) listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. As of December 31, 2007, all of the convertible bonds issued in 2004 have been converted into common stocks or redeemed.
- C. According to Interpretation letter ref. (95) 078, "Compound Financial Instrument with

Multiple Embedded Derivatives Issue", issued by ARDF, the Company decides not to bifurcate the embedded derivatives from their host contacts issued on or prior to December 31, 2005.

#### 15. LONG-TERM LOANS

			Decem	nber 31,		
Nature of loans Repayment period		2007			2006	
Commercial paper Secured loans	Repayable in 4 semi-annual installments from November 2009 Repayable in August 2011	\$	3,000,000	\$	3,000,000 104,135	
Less : Discount on c	commercial paper	(	3,000,000 4,129) 2,995,871	(	3,104,135 11,526) 3,092,609	
Interest rates			2.093%	2.09	03%~6.156%	

The loan agreements require, among other things, the maintenance of certain specific financial ratios and consent obtained from the majority banks on certain covenants.

#### 16. PENSION PLAN AND NET PENSION COST

- A. In accordance with the Labor Standards Act, the Company has a funded defined benefit pension plan covering all eligible employees prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act ("the Act"), effective on July 1, 2005 and employees choosing to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Labor Standards Law after the enforcement of the Act. Under the funding policy of the plan, the Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% (5% before July 2005) of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the pension fund deposited with the Bank of Taiwan, the custodian, which acquired the Central Trust of China on July 1, 2007. Pension benefits are generally based on service years and six-month average wages and salaries before retirement of the employee. Two units are earned per year for the first 15 years of service and one unit is earned for each additional year of service with a maximum of 45 units.
- B. In accordance with the Labor Pension Act, effective July 1, 2005, the Company has a defined contribution pension plan covering employees (excluding foreign employees) who chose to be subject to the pension mechanism under this Act. The Company makes monthly contributions to the employees' individual pension accounts on a basis no less than 6% of each employee's monthly salary or wage. The principal and accrued dividends from an employee's personal pension account are claimed monthly or in full at one time. Under this pension plan, net pension costs amounting to \$275,976 and \$245,742 were recognized for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

- C. The following tables set forth the actuarial assumptions, funded status and amounts recognized for the Company's defined benefit pension plan:
  - (1) Assumptions used in actuarial calculations as of December 31, 2007 and 2006:

	2007			2006
Discount rate		2.75%		3.25%
Long-term rate of compensation increase		2.00%		2.00%
Expected rate of return on plan assets		3.00%		3.25%
Vested benefit	(\$	39,213)	(\$	40,207)
Vested benefit obligation	(\$	34,739)	(\$	39,145)
Accumulated benefit obligation	(\$	1,130,091)	(\$	974,226)

(2) Changes in benefit obligation during the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006:

		2007		2006
Projected benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	(\$	1,346,909)	(\$	1,193,899)
Service cost	(	36,639)	(	37,095)
Interest cost	(	43,775)	(	38,802)
Loss on projected benefit obligation	(	198,886)	(	80,790)
Benefit paid		5,427		3,677
Projected benefit obligation at the end of the year	(\$	1,620,782)	(\$	1,346,909)

(3) Changes in plan assets during the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006:

		2007		2006
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	\$	981,249	\$	905,531
Actual return on plan assets		28,022		23,270
Employer contributions		55,195		56,125
Benefits paid	(	5,427)	(	3,677)
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	\$	1,059,039	\$	981,249

(4) Funded status at December 31, 2007 and 2006:

		2007		2006
Fair value of plan assets	\$	1,059,039	\$	981,249
Projected benefit obligation	(	1,620,782)	(	1,346,909)
Funded status	(	561,743)	(	365,660)
Unrecognized transition assets	(	2,738)	(	3,651)
Unrecognized net actuarial loss		531,042		339,675
Additional pension liability	(	37,613)		
Accured pension liabilities	(\$	71,052)	(\$	29,636)
	·			

(5) Components of net periodic pension cost for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006:

		2007		2006
Service cost	\$	36,639	\$	37,095
Interest cost		43,775		38,802
Expected return on plan assets	(	31,891)	(	29,430)
Amortization of unrecognized net transition assets	(	913)	(	913)
Amortization of unrecognized loss		11,388		7,408
Net periodic pension cost	\$	58,998	\$	52,962

- D. SUI has established a 401(K) pension plan covering substantially all employees. The Plan provides voluntary salary reduction contributions by eligible participants in accordance with Section 401(K) of the Internal Revenue Code, as well as discretionary matching contributions determined annually by its Board of Directors from SUI to its employees' individual pension accounts. The contribution in accordance with the Plan amounted \$8,188 and \$7,312, respectively, for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006.
- E. Siliconware Technology (Suzhou) Limited has a funded defined contribution plan covering certain employees who are qualified as permanent residents of Suzhou. According to the retirement plan, Siliconware Technology (Suzhou) Limited contributes monthly an amount equal to certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages to the Bureau of Social Insurance and recognizes as pension expense.

#### 17. CAPITAL STOCK

- A. As of December 31, 2007, the authorized capital of the Company was \$36,000,000, represented by 3,600,000,000 common shares with par value of NT\$10 (in dollars) per share. As of December 31, 2007, issued common stock was \$30,734,245.
- B. On June 13, 2007, the stockholders of the Company resolved to capitalize the unappropriated earnings of \$586,726 and the employee bonus of \$352,035 by issuing 93,876 thousand new shares. Registration for the capitalization has been completed.
- C. The Company issued \$1,500,000 American Depositary Shares ("ADSs"), represented by 30,000,000 units of ADSs, in June 2000. Each ADS represents five shares of common stock of the Company with an offering price of US\$8.49 per ADS. As of December 31, 2007, the outstanding ADSs amounted to 123,803,014 units. Major terms and conditions of the ADSs are summarized as follows:

#### (1) Voting Rights:

ADS holders will have no rights to vote directly in shareholders' meetings with respect to the Deposited Shares. The Depositary shall provide voting instruction to the Chairman of the Company and vote on behalf of the Deposited shares evidenced by ADSs. If the Depositary receives voting instructions from holders of at least 51% of the outstanding ADSs to vote in the same direction on a resolution, the Depositary will vote in the manner as instructed.

#### (2) <u>Distribution of Dividends</u>:

ADS holders are deemed to have the same rights as holders of common shares with respect to the distribution of dividends.

- D. The exercise price of the employee stock option was decided according to the closing price at the measurement date and is subject to adjustment for distribution of cash dividend or changes in capital stock in accordance with certain formula. The granted employee stock options will expire in five years and will be graded vested after two years of service in accordance with the employee stock option plan.
  - (1) For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, details of the employee stock option granted, exercised and canceled and exercise price of the employee stock option are as follows: (Numbers of options are presented in thousands)

	For the years ended December 31,					
		2	2007	2006		
			Weighted			Weighted
	]	Number	average	-	Number	average
	of	f options	exercise price	0	f options	exercise price
			(in dollars)			(in dollars)
Outstanding option						
at the beginning of the year		12,631	\$9.25		26,348	\$11.95
Number of option exercised	(	11,080)	5.74	(	13,174)	11.23
Number of option forfeited	(_	37)	5.78	(	543)	11.07
Outstanding option						
at the end of the year		1,514	5.83		12,631	9.25
Vested option at the end of the year		1,514	5.83		2,113	9.27
Authorized option available for future	-			_		
grant at the end of the year	_			_		

(2) As of December 31, 2007, the details of the outstanding employee stock option are as follows: (Numbers of options are presented in thousands)

Outstanding employee stock option						ns Vest	ed
		Weighted average	We	eighted		Wei	ghted
	Units	remaining	av	rerage	Unit	ave	erage
Exercise price	of option	contractual life	exerc	eise price	of option	exerci	se price
(in dollars)			(in dollars)			(in d	ollars)
\$5.7~\$6.2	1,514	0.19 Year	\$	5.83	1,514	\$	5.83

#### 18. CAPITAL RESERVE

A. According to the Company Law of the ROC, the capital reserve arising from paid-in capital in excess of par on the issuance of stocks, from merger, from the conversion of convertible bonds and from donation shall be exclusively used to cover accumulated deficits or transferred to capital. Other capital reserve shall be exclusively used to cover accumulated deficits. The amount of capital reserve used to increase capital is limited to

10% of the common stock each year when the Company has no accumulated deficits. The capital reserve can only be used to cover accumulated deficits when the legal reserve is insufficient to cover the deficits.

B. According to the Company Law of the ROC, the capital reserve is allowed to be transferred to capital one year after the registration of capitalization is approved.

#### 19. <u>RETAINED EARNINGS</u>

- A. According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, current year's earnings before tax, if any, shall be distributed in the following order:
  - (1) Pay all taxes and duties;
  - (2) Offset prior years' operating losses, if any;
  - (3) Set aside 10% of the remaining amount after deducting (1) and (2) as legal reserve;
  - (4) Set aside no more than 1% of the remaining amount after deducting items (1), (2), and (3) as directors' and supervisors' remunerations.
  - (5) After items (1), (2), (3), and (4) were deducted, 10% of the remaining amount may be allocated as employee bonus and 90% as stockholders' dividend. The distributed amount is subject to the resolution adopted by the Board of Directors and approved at the stockholders' meeting.
- B. Among the total dividend distributed, at least 50% is distributed as cash dividend and the rest as stock dividend. The appropriation of the profit is subject to the resolution adopted by the Board and approval by the shareholders. As of March 7, 2008, the Board of directors of the Company has not resolved the distribution of the year 2007 earnings. Therefore, any information in relation to the year 2007 earnings will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchanges after the Board's resolution and the shareholders' approval.
- C. Legal reserve can only be used to offset deficits or increase capital. The legal reserve can be used to increase capital when and only when the reserve balance exceeds 50% of the capital stock, and the amount capitalized should be limited to 50% of the legal reserve.
- D. In accordance with the ROC Securities and Future Bureau (SFB) regulation, in addition to legal reserve and prior to distribution of earnings, the Company should set aside a special reserve in an amount equal to the net change in the reduction of prior year's stockholders' equity, resulting from adjustments, such as cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment and unrealized loss on available-for-sale financial assets. Such special reserve is not available for dividend distribution. In the subsequent year(s), if the year-end balances of the cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment and unrealized losses on available-for-sale financial assets no longer result in a net reduction in the stockholders' equity, the special reserve previously set aside will then be available for distribution.

- E. The Taiwan imputation tax system requires that any undistributed current earnings of a company derived on or after January 1, 1998 be subject to an additional 10% corporate income tax if the earnings are not distributed in the following year. As of December 31, 2007, the undistributed earnings derived on or after January 1, 1998 was \$17,761,366.
- F. As of December 31, 2007, the balance of stockholders' imputation tax credit account of the Company was \$53,475. The rate of stockholders' imputation tax credit to undistributed earnings accumulated in 1998 and thereafter was approximately 0.3%. However, the rate is subject to changes based on the balance of stockholders' imputation tax credit account, the undistributed earnings, and other tax credit amount in accordance with the ROC tax law at the dividend allocation date. The rate of stockholders' imputation tax credit to undistributed earnings for the earnings distributed in the current year is 7.62%.
- G. On June 13, 2007, the stockholders of the Company resolved to distribute stock dividends of \$586,726 and cash dividends of \$9,974,332, respectively. The total amount of dividends per share, including stock dividends of \$0.20 (in dollars) per share and cash dividends of \$3.35 (in dollars) per share, was \$3.55 (in dollars).
- H. On June 12, 2006, the stockholders of the Company resolved to distribute stock dividends of \$2,410,149 and cash dividends of \$4,169,558, respectively. The total amount of dividends per share, including stock dividends of \$0.96 (in dollars) per share and cash dividends of \$1.66 (in dollars) per share, was \$2.62 (in dollars).
- I. The Company's earnings of distribution of 2006 for employee bonuses and directors' and supervisors' remunerations were as follow:

	The amount of the actual earnings distributions approved by the shareholders in 2007				
(a) The amount of the retained earnings distributed	¢	921 415			
1. Employees' cash bonuses	Φ	821,415			
2. Employees' stock bonuses					
(i) Shares (in thousands of shares)		35,204			
(ii) Amounts	\$	352,035			
(iii) As a percentage of outstanding common shares		1.30%			
3. Directors' and supervisors' remunerations	\$	120,797			
(b) Informations regarding earnings per common share (in dollors)					
1. Original earnings per common share (Note 1)	\$	4.91			
2. Adjusted earnings per common share (Note 2)	\$	4.43			
	·				

Note 1: Not retroactively adjusted by the common shares issued on capitalization of earnings in 2007.

Note 2: Adjusted earnings per share = (Net income - Employees' bonus - Remunerations to directors and supervisors)/Weighted average oustanding common shares.

#### 20. TREASURY STOCK

As of December 31, 2007, Siliconware Investment Company Ltd., the subsidiary of the Company, holds 35,870 thousand shares of the Company's stock, with book value of \$22.14

(in dollars) per share. None of treasury stock held by the subsidiary was sold for the year ended December 31, 2007. The closing price of the Company's stock was \$58.3 (in dollars) per share on December 31, 2007.

#### 21. IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

For the year ended December 31, 2006, Siliconware Investment Company, Ltd. and SPIL (B.V.I.) Holding Limited, the Company's subsidiaries, recognized asset impairment losses in the amount of \$27,013.

#### 22. <u>INCOME TAX</u>

	For the years ended December 31,			
		2007		2006
Income tax expense calculated at the statutory tax rate	\$	5,007,546	\$	3,613,846
Permanent differences	(	2,007,161)	(	1,518,940)
Investment tax credits	(	931,664)	(	1,147,432)
Under provision from prior year		11,191		29,898
Changes in allowance for deferred tax assets		25,673	(	28,798)
10% additional tax on unappropriated earnings		33,556		
Income tax expense		2,139,141		948,574
Adjustment:				
Net changes of deferred tax assets	(	575,108)	(	102,987)
(Increase) decrease in income tax payable	(	9,725)		127,778
Prepaid and withholding taxes	(	52,652)	(	49,487)
Subsidiary's tax payable				6,899
Income tax payable	\$	1,501,656	\$	930,777
Income tax (refundable) payable carried over from prior	r (\$	17,728)	\$	16,605

A. For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, significant portion of the permanent differences are derived from the income tax exemption of capital gain resulted from the security transactions, long-term investment income accounted for under the equity method, and the revenue from assembly of certain integrated circuit products exempted from income tax.

#### B. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

		31,		
		2007		2006
Deferred tax assets - current	\$	1,273,935	\$	726,963
Deferred tax liabilities - current				
		1,273,935		726,963
Allowance for deferred tax assets	(	5,161)	(	141)
	\$	1,268,774	\$	726,822
Deferred tax assets - noncurrent	\$	864,466	\$	1,991,506
Deferred tax liabilities - noncurrent	(	147,425)	(	172,909)
		717,041		1,818,597
Allowance for deferred tax assets	(	189,828)	(	174,343)
	\$	527,213	\$	1,644,254

C. The details of deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from temporary differences, loss carryforwards and investment tax credits as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 were as follows:

	December 31, 20			, 2007	December 31, 2			, 2006
	Amount		T	Tax Effect		Amount		ax Effect
Current:								
Temporary differences:								
Unrealized loss on obsolescence and								
decline in market value of inventories	\$	80,413	\$	20,103	\$	56,715	\$	14,179
Compensation interest on bonds payable		-		-		2,377		594
Unrealized sales allowance		35,943		8,986		55,475		13,868
Unrealized foreign currency exchange loss (gain)		4,137		1,034	(	7,370)	(	1,842)
Allowance for doubtful accounts		-		-		23,904		5,976
Others		6,606		1,651		8,752		2,188
Loss carryforwards		20,643		5,161		-		-
Investment tax credits				1,237,000				692,000
			1	1,273,935				726,963
Allowance for deferred tax assets			(	5,161)			(	141)
			\$ 1	1,268,774			\$	726,822
Noncurrent:								
Temporary differences:								
Unrealized loss on long-term investments	\$	66,044	\$	16,511	\$	78,303	\$	19,576
Depreciation expense	(	589,700)	(	147,425)	(	639,742)	(	159,936)
Unrealized foreign currency exchange								
gain arising from bonds payable		-		-	(	51,892)	(	12,973)
Unrealized loss on idle assets		296,798		74,199		259,203		64,801
Others		2,618		655		11,895		2,974
Loss carryforwards		95,338		23,834		120,850		30,212
Investment tax credits				749,267			1	1,873,943
				717,041			1	1,818,597
Allowance for deferred tax assets			(	189,828)			(	174,343)
			\$	527,213			\$ 1	1,644,254
Allowance for deferred tax assets			\$				\$ 1	

Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets relates primarily to allowance for investment tax credits.

- D. The Company's income tax returns have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority through 2005.
- E. The income tax returns of Siliconware Investment Company Limited have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority through 2005.
- F. According to the Income Tax Law of the Peoples Republic of China for Enterprises with Foreign Investment and Foreign Enterprises, Siliconware Technology (Suzhou) Limited is entitled to two years' exemption from income taxes followed by three years of a 50% tax reduction, i.e., the tax rate of 7.5%, commencing from the first cumulative profit-making year net of loss carryforwards. In addition, any foreign investor of an enterprise with

foreign investment which reinvests its share of profit obtained from the enterprise directly into that enterprise by increasing its registered capital, or uses the profit as capital investment to establish other enterprises with foreign investment to operate for a period of not less than five years shall, upon approval by the tax authorities of an application filed by the investor, be refunded 40% of the income tax already paid in relation to the reinvested amount. Effective January 1, 2008, the Income Tax Law of the Peoples Republic of China has adopted the corporate income tax rate of 25% and required the commencement of two years' exemption from income taxes followed by three years of a 50% tax reduction in 2008. In addition, the favorable tax treatment of 40% tax refund aforementioned was canceled effective 2008.

G. As of December 31, 2007, the Company's unused portion of investment tax credits, under the "Statue for Upgrading Industries", were as follows:

Nature of Investment Tax Credits		Deductible Amount	 Unused Amount	Expiration Years	
Acquisition costs of					
qualifying machinery and equipment	\$	2,596,511	\$ 1,238,852	2008 to 2011	
Qualifying research					
and development expenditure		898,290	 747,415	2008 to 2011	
	\$	3,494,801	\$ 1,986,267		

H. As of December 31, 2007, the unused loss carryforwards of Siliconware Investment Company Limited, under the "Statue for Upgrading Industries", were as follows:

	Deductible	Expiration	
Years of Loss Incurre	Amount	Years	Status
2003	\$ 20,643	2008	Assessed amount
2006	95,338	2011	Filing amount
	\$ 115,981		

I. The Company has met the requirement of Statute for Upgrading Industries for its capitalization plans in 1999, 2000, and 2004 and is exempted from income tax for revenues arising from the assembly and testing of certain integrated circuit products for a five-year period from 2004 and 2006, respectively. The 5-year income tax exemption will expire in December 2008 and 2010, respectively.

Also, the Industrial Development Bureau of Ministry of Economic Affairs has issued permission for the 5-year income tax exemption of the Company's 2006 registered capitalization plan in 2007 and the certification for the completion of 5-year income tax exemption of 2005 capitalization plan in 2008.

#### 23. EARNINGS PER SHARE

For the year ended December 31, 2007
Weighted average

			Weighted average			
	Inco	ome	outstanding	Earnings	per share	
	Before tax	After tax	common stock	Before tax	After tax	
			(in thousands)	(in do	lollars)	
Basic earnings per share	\$ 19,628,492	\$ 17,489,351	3,016,887	\$ 6.51	\$ 5.80	
Dilutive effect of employee stock option	-	-	3,535			
Dilutive effect of	<b>51</b> 606	51.065	10.042			
3rd Euro convertible bonds	51,606	51,365	18,942			
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 19,680,098	\$ 17,540,716	3,039,364	\$ 6.48	\$ 5.77	
		For the year e	nded December 31,	, 2006		
			Weighted average			
	Inco	ome	outstanding	Earnings per share		
	Before tax	After tax	common stock	Before tax	After tax	
			(in thousands)	(in do	ollars)	
Basic earnings per share	\$ 14,277,643	\$ 13,329,069	2,803,404	\$ 5.09	\$ 4.75	
Dilutive effect of						
employee stock option	_	-	13,055			
Dilutive effect of						
Dilutive effect of 3rd Euro convertible bonds	22,562	33,421	174,143			

The basic and diluted earnings per share for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 were retroactively adjusted for 2006 stock dividends and employees' stock bonus distributed in 2007.

#### 24. PERSONNEL COSTS, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION

	For the year ended December 31, 2007						
	O	perating costs	Оре	erating expenses		Total	
Personnel Costs							
Payroll	\$	5,776,433	\$	1,361,554	\$	7,137,987	
Labor and health insurance		442,716		102,638		545,354	
Pension expense		274,920		68,238		343,158	
Other		603,523		133,000		736,523	
	\$	7,097,591	\$	1,665,430	\$	8,763,022	
Depreciation	\$	7,371,429	\$	232,484	\$	7,603,913	
Amortization	\$	419,864	\$	135,209	\$	555,073	
		For the y	ear e	nded December	31, 2	2006	
	O	perating costs	Ope	erating expenses		Total	
Personnel Costs							
Payroll	\$	5,280,258	\$	1,337,313	\$	6,617,571	
Labor and health insurance		414,906		104,812		519,718	
Pension expense		245,299		60,541		305,840	
Other		597,393		102,805		700,198	
	\$	6,537,856	\$	1,605,471	\$	8,143,327	
Depreciation	\$	6,579,537	\$	173,174	\$	6,752,711	
Amortization	\$	358,635	\$	167,361	\$	525,996	

#### 25. <u>RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

#### A. Name and Relationship with Related Parties:

Name of Related Parties	Relationship with the Company
Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation	The Company holds directorship (Note 1)
Phoenix Precision Technology Corporation	The Company holds directorship
ChipMOS Technologies Inc.	Investee company accounted for under the equity method (Note 2)
Hai-Feng Fundation	Same chairman of the board of the directors
Pei-Sheng Fundation	Same chairman of the board of the directors

Note 1: The Company resigned its position as a director on November 9, 2007. The named company ceased to be a related party of the Company.

Note 2: The Company disposed all of its ownership on March 27, 2007. The named company ceased to be a related party of the Company.

#### B. Significant Transactions with Related Parties:

#### (1) Sales

The sales prices and payment terms provided to related party were generally comparable to those provided to non-related parties. The average collection period is approximately three months from the date of sales.

#### (2) Purchases

	For the years ended December 31,									
		2007			2006					
	Amount		% of net			% of net				
			purchase	Amount		purchase				
Phoenix Precision										
Technology Corporation	\$	2,544,206	9	\$	3,100,909	13				
Other				_	83					
	\$	2,544,206	9	\$	3,100,992	13				

The purchase price provided by Phoenix Precision Technology Corporation was not comparable to those provided by non-related parties because of the different product specification. The average payment period is approximately three months from the date of purchase, which is comparable to those provided by non-related parties.

#### (3) Accounts Payable

	December	r 31, 2007	December 31, 2006			
		% of accounts		% of accounts		
	Amount	payable	Amount	payable		
Phoenix Precision						
Technology Corporation	\$ 662,731	10	\$ 345,745	8		

#### (4) Other Expenses / Other Payables

		For the years ended December 31,					
	200	07	2006				
	Other		Other				
	expenses	Other payables	expenses	Other payables			
Others	\$ 16,839	\$ 3,489	\$ 12,153	\$ 4,807			

For the lease transaction, the leasing terms are generally comparable to those provided in an arm's-length transaction. The average payment period is one month and no significant differences exist between the above leasing contract and others prevailing in the market.

#### (5) Other Income / Other Receivables

	<u></u>	For the years ended December 31,						
		2007			2006			
		Other income	Other receivables		Other ncome		Other receivables	
Others	\$	136	\$ -	\$	12,614	\$	11,288	

For the lease transaction, the leasing terms are generally comparable to those provided in an arm's-length transaction. The average collection period is one month and no significant differences exist between the above leasing contract and others prevailing in the market.

#### (6) <u>Property Transaction</u>

	I	For the year ended December 31, 2007						
						Los	s on disposal	
	Name of the	Ti	ransaction			of pr	operty, plant	
	property	amount		amount Bo		and	equipment	
Pei-Sheng Fundation	Land	\$	132,391	\$	159,740	(\$	27,349)	
	Buildings		49,336		54,610	(	5,274)	
		\$	181,727	\$	214,350	(\$	32,623)	

For the year ended December 31, 2006: None.

#### (7) Other Transaction

On March 27, 2007, the Company sold its common stock ownership of 42,696 shares (in thousands) back to ChipMOS Technologies Inc. for \$1,053,704 and recognized gain on disposal of investment in the amount of \$132,910.

#### 26. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERALS

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the following assets have been pledged as collaterals against certain obligations of the Company:

	December 31,			31,	
Assets		2007		2006	Subject of collaterals
Buildings	\$	-	\$	284,633	Long-term loans
Land use rights		-		38,465	Long-term loans
Time deposits					Guarantees for custom duties
(shown as other financial assets, current)		259,100		206,705	and value-added tax
	\$	259,100	\$	529,803	

#### 27. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

- A. As of December 31, 2007, the Company and its subsidiaries' issued but unused letters of credit for imported machinery and equipment was approximate \$175,027.
- B. For its future expansion, the Company and its subsidiaries entered into several contracts with a total payment of \$1,790,307, of which a total amount of \$280,409 has not been paid as of December 31, 2007.
- C. The Company entered into several contracts with five foreign companies for the use of certain technologies and patents. The Company agreed to pay royalty fees based on the

total number of certain products sold. Contracts are valid through January 2010, December 2010, January 2011, March 2012, and November 2014, respectively. One of the contracts is valid until all patents included in the contract expire and until both parties agree to terminate the contract.

D. On March 1, 2006, the Company was informed of a civil lawsuit brought by Tessera Inc., or Tessera, in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California against it, its subsidiary, Siliconware USA, Inc., several other world-wide subcontractor companies and their subsidiaries. Tessera alleged that the Company and the above mentioned parties infringed patents owned by Tessera and/or breached technology license agreements between them and Tessera. All parties in the lawsuit stipulated a stay of this action in its entirety, pending a final determination of investigation by the International Trade Commission (ITC) with regard to an action that is directed against other parties, including some codefendants in the litigation in the Northern District of California. Pursuant to the stipulation, the court stayed the litigation on May 24, 2007. On February 26, 2008, ITC has stayed the investigation pending the completion of the reexamination (details as below).

In February 2007, the Company filed in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office ("PTO"), requests for reexamination of five patents, four of which Tessera has asserted against the Company. The PTO granted all of the requests for reexamination and issued non-final office actions in four of the reexaminations, whose outcome is favorable for the Company. The other one is still undetermined by any office action. The reexaminations are still under process.

In addition, the Company, along with Siliconware USA, Inc. and three other codefendants in the lawsuit, moved for a temporary restraining order (TRO) and a preliminary injunction prohibiting Tessera from initiating any action before ITC against the Company for infringement of patents subject to the license agreements. On November 1, 2007, the Court barred Tessera from initiating an action against the Company, Siliconware USA, or the Company's three co-defendants before the ITC or outside of California for alleged infringement of patents subject to licenses with Tessera until Tessera demonstrates that the packages accused of infringement are not under the licenses. Tessera has not formally served its ITC complaint on the Company.

Because litigation is inherently unpredictable, currently, the Company is unable to predict the outcome of any dispute and assess the potential liabilities arising out of Tessera's claim due to the fact that information provided with regard to the infringement scope is insufficient.

#### 28. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

### 29. SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENT

None.

### 30. OTHERS

### A. Fair Values of Financial Instruments:

	D	ecember 31, 20	07	December 31, 2006			
		Fair V	alue		Fair V	<sup>7</sup> alue	
		Quotation in	Esimated		Quotation in	Esimated	
		an active	using a		an active	using a	
Non-derivative financial instruments	Book Value	market	valuation	Book Value	market	valuation	
Financial Assets							
Financial assets with book value equal							
to fair value	\$34,696,848	\$ -	\$34,696,848	\$ 24,643,663	\$ -	\$ 24,643,663	
Available-for-sale financial assets							
- noncurrent	4,873,284	4,873,284	-	7,883,601	7,883,601	-	
Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	719,055			824,942			
	\$40,289,187	\$ 4,873,284	\$34,696,848	\$33,352,206	\$ 7,883,601	\$24,643,663	
Financial Liabilities							
Financial liabilities with							
book value equal to fair value	\$13,777,435	\$ -	\$13,777,435	\$ 9,449,061	\$ -	\$ 9,449,061	
Bonds payable (including current portion)	-	-	-	2,726,832	4,122,897	-	
Long-term loans	2,995,871	_	2,993,416	3,092,609		3,127,992	
	\$16,773,306	\$ -	\$16,770,851	\$15,268,502	\$ 4,122,897	\$12,577,053	

Methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair values of financial instruments are as follows:

- i. Financial assets and liabilities with book value equal to fair value are cash, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other financial assets current, refundable deposits, notes payable, accounts payable, income tax payable, accrued expenses, other payables, current portion of long-term debts, other current liabilities and other liabilities because of their short maturities.
- ii. Available-for-sale financial assets non-current are recorded at quoted market prices as their fair values due to the availability of the quoted price in an active market.
- iii. Financial assets carried at cost are recorded at costs due to the lack of quoted market prices derived from the active market and the reasonable measurement for the fair value.
- iv. The fair value of bonds payable and current portion of bonds payable is based on its quoted market price.
- v. The fair value of long-term loans is estimated by the discounted future cash flows. The discount rate, 2.307%, is based on the interest rate of the similar long-term loan, which the Company would have acquired.
- B. Financial assets and liabilities with the risk of interest rate fluctuation:
  - As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Company's financial assets with fair value risk of interest rate fluctuation were \$21,222,026 and \$14,532,482, respectively. As of December 31, 2006, financial liabilities with fair value risk of interest rate fluctuation were \$104,135. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Company did not have financial assets and liabilities with cash flow risk of interest rate fluctuation.

C. Financial assets and liabilities whose changes in fair value are not recognized in earnings: The Company's interest income from financial assets whose changes in fair value were not recognized in earnings were \$368,610 and \$396,461, respectively, for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006. The Company's interest expense from financial liabilities whose changes in fair value were not recognized in earnings were \$90,294 and \$130,443, respectively, for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006. Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value at balance sheet date. For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, balance of the adjustment to the shareholders' equity due to changes in fair value were \$2,085,514 and \$4,765,318, respectively. Unrealized gain on available-for-sale financial assets reclassified from equity to current earnings was \$1,519,146 for the year ended December 31, 2007.

### D. Financial risk control:

The Company has implemented appropriate risk management and control processes to identify, measure, and control the risks associated with the market, credit, liquidity and cash flows.

### E. Financial risk information:

1. Financial assets: investments in equity instruments

	December 31,					
		2007		2006		
Available-for-sale financial assets	\$	4,873,284	\$	7,883,601		
Financial assets carried at cost		719,055		824,942		
	\$	5,592,339	\$	8,708,543		

### (1) Market risk:

The Company's investments in equity instruments are exposed to the market price risk. However, the Company performs risk management controls to minimize the potential loss to an acceptable level. The Company believes that the probability of significant market risk is low.

### (2) Credit risk:

The Company's investments in available-for-sale financial assets are through creditable financial institutions. The expected credit exposure to such financial institutions is low. For equity investments carried at cost, the Company has evaluated counter parties' credit condition each time when the Company entered into investment transaction. Thus the credit risk is low.

### (3) Liquidity risk:

The Company's available-for-sale financial assets are traded in active markets, which can be sold at the prices not significantly different from their market value. The Company is exposed to a greater liquidity risk for equity instruments measured at cost due to the fact that no active market exists for these instruments.

### (4) Cash flow risk of interest rate:

The Company's investments in equity financial assets are non-interest related, so the cash flows from equity instruments are independent of changes in market interest rate.

### 2. Financial liabilities: debt instruments

	 December 31,					
	 2007		2006			
Short-term loans	\$ 529,323	\$	427,206			
Bonds payable	-		2,726,832			
Long-term loans	 2,995,871		3,092,609			
	\$ 3,525,194	\$	6,246,647			

### (1) Market risk:

Debt instruments include zero-coupon convertible bonds embedded with call and put options, fixed interest rate bearing bond, and long-term loans. The fair value changes of the Company's US dollar denominated convertible bonds are affected by the stock price. However, the Company can minimize the market price risk by exercising the call option and reduce the foreign exchange rate exposure by maintaining equivalent amounts of assets denominated in US dollar. The Company's long-term loans are not exposed to fair value risks because the borrowings had been issued at floating rates.

### (2) Credit risk:

Debt instruments issued by the Company do not have significant credit risk.

### (3) Liquidity risk:

The Company maintains sufficient working capital to meet its cash requirements. The Company believes that there is no significant liquidity risk.

# (4) Cash flow risk of interest rate:

The Company's zero-coupon bonds, fixed interest rate bearing bonds, and fixed interest rate borrowings are not exposed to cash flow risk of interest rate. The Company's long-term borrowings issued at floating rates may lead to changes of effective interest rate and fluctuation of future cash flow. However, the Company believes that the cash flow interest rate risk will not be significant.

# F. Eliminated transactions between parent company and subsidiaries:

	Name of the counter party and amount										
		Siliconware cision Industries		Siliconware		PIL (B.V.I.)	C:1;	conware USA			
Transactions	FIEC	Co., Ltd.		Investment ompany Ltd.		` ,		Inc.			
For the year ended December 31, 2007				1 7		<u> </u>					
Eliminate long-term investment and stockholders'equity	(\$	6,197,628)	\$	3,610,534	\$	2,587,094	\$	-			
Eliminate subsidiary's long-term investment in parent company		2,091,223	(	2,091,223)		-		-			
Eliminate accrued expenses and (accounts receivable)		50,314		-		-	(	50,314)			
Eliminate compensation expense and revenue	(	542,974)		-		-		542,974			
For the year ended December 31, 2006											
Eliminate long-term investment and stockholders'equity	(\$	5,321,470)	\$	3,073,571	\$	2,247,899	\$	-			
Eliminate subsidiary's long-term investment in parent company		1,801,014	(	1,801,014)		-		-			
Eliminate prepaid comission and unearned revenue		4,865		-		-	(	4,865)			
Eliminate compensation expense and revenue	(	478,608)		-		-		478,608			

### 31. SPECIAL DISCLOSURE ITEMS

## A. Significant Transaction Information

(1) Loans to third parties attributed to financial activities:

For the year ended December 31, 2007: None.

(2) Endorsement and guarantee provided to third parties:

For the year ended December 31, 2007: None.

(3) The ending balances of securities are summarized as follows:

As of December 31, 2007:

Investor	Type of securities	Name of securities	The relationship of the issuers with the Company	General ledger accounts	Number of shares (in thousands)	Book value	Percentage of ownership	Market value per share (in dollars)
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	-	Siliconware Investment Company Ltd.	Investee accounted for under the equity method	Long-term investments accounted for under the equity method	(Notes 1)	\$ 1,519,311	100.00%	\$ - (Note 4)
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	Stock	Double Win Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Investee accounted for under the equity method	Long-term investments accounted for under the equity method	6,760	-	24.14%	-
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	Stock	SPIL (B.V.I.) Holding Limited	Investee accounted for under the equity method	Long-term investments accounted for under the equity method	77,800	2,587,094	100.00%	33.25 (Notes 2 and 4)
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	Stock	Phoenix Precision Technology Corporation	The Company holds directorship	Available-for-sale financial assets, non-current	110,398	3,035,950	16.12%	27.50
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	Stock	ChipMOS Technologies (Bermuda) Ltd.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets, non-current	12,175	1,682,776	14.52%	138.22 (Note 3)

Note 1: The contributed capital was \$1,770,000 thousand.

Note 2: The market value is not available. Therefore, the net equity per share as of December 31, 2007 was used.

Note 3: The closing price of US\$4.26 (in dollars) per share on December 31, 2007 was used. (Exchange rate US\$1: NT\$32.445)

Note 4: Eliminated under consolidation.

(4) Securities for which total buying or selling exceeds the lower of NT\$100,000 or 20 percent of the capital stock: For the year ended December 31, 2007:

			Name	The relationship	Beginning	balance	Additio	n		Disposal			Ending bal	lance
			of	of the								Gain (loss)		
		General	the	issuers	Number		Number		Number			from	Number	
	Name of	ledger	counter	with the	of shares/unit		of shares/unit		of shares/unit			disposal	of shares/unit	Amount
Investor	the security	accounts	party	Company	(in thousands)	Amount	(in thousands)	Amount	(in thousands)	Sale price	Book value	(Note 3)	(in thousands)	(Note 2)
Cilianna		Long-term	ChipMOS Technologies (Bermuda) Ltd.	The parent company of investee accounted for under the equity method	254,863	\$4,998,596	-	\$ -	212,167	\$5,236,150	\$4,342,752	\$660,582	-	\$ -
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	ChipMOS Technologies Inc. stock	investment accounted for under equity method	ChipMOS Technologies Inc.	Investee accounted for under the equity method			-	-	42,696	1,053,704	873,767	132,910	-	-
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd. Siliconware Precision	ChipMOS Technologies (Bermuda) Ltd. stock	Available-for-sale financial assets, non-current  Available-for-sale	(note 1)	-	-	-	12,175	2,523,529	-	-	-	-	12,175	1,682,776
Ltd. Siliconware Precision	King Yuan Electronics Co., Ltd. stock Siguard Microelectronics	financial assets, current  Available-for-sale financial assets,	Public market	-	85,698	2,330,977	7,772	-	93,470	2,044,443	910,270	1,134,173	-	-
Ltd.	Corp.	current	Public market	-	46,236	1,005,635	365	-	46,601	940,026	731,842	208,184	-	-

Note 1: The Company subscribed the shares through private stock offering.

Note 2: The ending balance includes the unrealized gain on available-for-sale financial assets.

Note 3: The amount does not include unrealized gain on disposal.

(5) Acquisition of real estate with an amount exceeding the lower of NT\$100,000 or 20 percent of the capital stock: For the year ended December 31, 2007:

						Related party as counter party						
Name of the	Date of	Transaction	Status of	Construction	Relation-ship with the	Original owner which sold the property to the counter	The relationship of the original owner with the	Date of the original	A	The bases or reference used in deciding the	Purpose and status of the	Other constituted
properties	transaction	amount	payment	Counter party	Company	party	Company	transaction	Amount	price	acquisition	Other commitment
Land	August 2006	\$ 809,021	\$ 809,021	Jou Mu Textile Corporation, and etc.	-	-	-	-		As specified in contract	For operating use	-
Building	November 2006	432,000	388,800	Johnny Ko (c) & Leeming Mis	-	-	-	-	-	As specified in contract	For operating use	Payment made according to construction progress
Building improvements	November 2006	223,800	201,420	Chung-Rui Construction Corporation Ltd.	-	-	-	-	-	As specified in contract	For operating use	Payment made according to construction progress
Building	April 2007	178,000	124,600	Jun-Biau Construction Corporation Ltd.	-	-	-	-		As specified in contract	For operating use	Payment made according to construction progress

(6) Disposal of real estate with an amount exceeding the lower of NT\$100,000 or 20 percent of the capital stock: For the year ended December 31, 2007:

						Loss on disposal			Purpose and	The bases or	
	Date of	Date of		Transaction	Status of	of property, plant		Relation-ship with the	status of the	reference used in	Other
Name of the properties	transaction	acquisition	Book Value	amount	collection	and equipment	Counter party	Company	disposal	deciding the price	commitment
								Common chairman of			
							Pei-Sheng	the board of the			
Land and building	January 2007	May 1998	\$ 214,350	\$ 181,727	Fully collected	(\$32,623)	Fundation	directors	Disposed	Valuation report	-

(7) Related party transactions with purchases and sales amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100,000 or 20 percent of the capital stock: For the year ended December 31, 2007:

							Descri	ption of		
							and rea	sons for		
							differ	ence in		
							transact	ion terms		
							compa	ared to		
							non-ı	elated	Notes	or accounts
			De	scription of the	transaction		party tra	nsactions	receivab	ole / payable
					Percentage					Percentage of
		Relationship			of net					notes or accounts
Purchase / sales	Name of	with the	Purchases		purchases	Credit	Unit	Credit		receivable /
company	the counter parties	counter parties	/ sales	Amount	/ sales	terms	price	terms	Amount	payable
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd. Siliconware	Phoenix Precision Technology Corporation Siguard	The Company holds directorship	Purchase	\$2,544,206	9%	Three months	\$ -	\$ -	Accounts payable \$662,731 Accounts	11%
Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	Microelectronics Corp.	The Company holds directorship	Sales	\$223,991	-	Three months	-	-	receivable \$101,577 (Note 1)	1%

Note 1: The Company resigned its position as a director on November 9, 2007. The named company ceased to be a related party of the Company. Therefore, only the sales incurred during the period from January 1, 2007 to November 9, 2007 and accounts receivable derived from the aforementioned sales but not collected by December 31, 2007 are disclosed.

(8) Receivables from related parties exceeding the lower of NT\$100,000 or 20 percent of the capital stock: As of December 31, 2007:

				_	Past-due r	eceivables		
Name of the company for recording receivables	Name of the counter parties	Relationship with the counter parties	Balance of receivables	Turnover rate	Amount	Status	Amount of receivables collected after the balance sheet date	Amount of allowance for doubtful accounts
Siliconware	Siguard							
Precision	Microelectronics	The Company				In the dunning		
Industries Co., Ltd.	Corp.	holds directorship	\$101,577	5.14	\$41,924	process	\$101,577	-

# (9) Transaction of derivative financial instruments:

For the year ended December 31, 2007: None.

# B. Related Information on Investee Companies

(1) Basic information on investee companies:

For the year ended December 31, 2007:

				The Company / majority Original investments owned subsidiary owns Current period							
			-	Current	Prior		od subsidialy b				
				period	period	Shares			Net income	Income (loss)	
•	N. C.		and the second	ending	ending	(in	Ownership	Book	(loss) of	recognized by	NY .
Investor	Name of Investee	Location	Main activities	balance	balance	thousands )	Percentage	value	investee	the Company	Note
Siliconware	G.11.										
Precision Industries Co.,	Siliconware Investment										
Ltd.	Company Ltd.	Hsin-Chu	Investment activities	\$1,770,000	\$1,770,000	(Note 7)	100.00%	\$1,519,311	\$345,594	\$227.618	(Notes 1, 2 and 8)
Siliconware	Company Ltd.	Tisiii-Ciiu	investment activities	\$1,770,000	\$1,770,000	(Note 1)	100.0070	\$1,517,511	φ343,394	\$227,016	(Notes 1, 2 and 6)
Precision											
Industries Co.,	Double Win	Ping-chen City,	SMT process								
Ltd.	Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Taoyuan	and hand insert	152,100	152,100	6,760	24.14%	-	-	-	(Note 1)
Siliconware	-										
Precision		Science-based									
Industries Co.,	ChipMOS	Industrial Park,	Testing and assembly								
Ltd.	Technologies Inc.	Hsin-Chu	of integrated circuits	-	2,332,768	-	-	-	-	246,410	(Notes 1 and 6)
Siliconware											
Precision											
Industries Co.,	SPIL (B.V.I.)	British Virgin	w	2 (20 0 0	2 (20 0 0	<b>77</b> 000	100.000/	2 505 004	220 115	220 445	01 . 1 0 . 10
Ltd.	Holding Limited	Islands	Investment activities	2,620,869	2,620,869	77,800	100.00%	2,587,094	220,445	220,445	(Notes 1, 2 and 8)
			Communications and								
			relationship								
			maintenance with								
			companies								
SPIL (B.V.I.)	C.I. TICY I	G I GATIGA	headquartered in North	10.556	10.556	1.050	100.000/	107.055	26,000	26,000	(N. 4 2 10)
Holding Limited	Siliconware USA, Inc.	San Jose, CA, USA	America	40,556	40,556	1,250	100.00%	127,055	26,009	26,009	(Notes 3 and 8)
SPIL (B.V.I.)	SPIL (Cayman)	Cayman Islands,									
Holding Limited	Holding Limited	British West India	Investment activities	2,274,395	1,625,495	70,100	100.00%	2,143,057	155,364	155,364	(Notes 3 and 8)
			Manufacturing and processing of module								
	Siliconware		assembly, flash								
SPIL (Cayman)	Technology	Suzhou Jiangsu,	memory card and	0.071.150	1 (22 27)	AT . 5	100.0001	0.1.40.0.40	155.000	155.000	OT . 4 10)
Holding Limited	(Suzhou) Limited	China	related products	2,271,150	1,622,250	(Note 5)	100.00%	2,142,343	155,922	155,922	(Notes 4 and 8)

- Note 1: The Company's investee accounted for under the equity method.
- Note 2: The Company's 100% owned subsidiary.
- Note 3: An investee accounted for under the equity method of SPIL (B.V.I.) Holding Limited, a 100% owned subsidiary of the Company.
- Note 4: An investee accounted for under the equity method of SPIL (Cayman) Holding Limited, a 100% owned subsidiary of SPIL (B.V.I) Holding Limited.
- Note 5: The contributed capital was US\$70,000 thousand.
- Note 6: The Company has disposed its ownership in 2007.
- Note 7: The contributed capital was \$1,770,000 thousand.
- Note 8: Eliminated under consolidation.

# (2) The ending balance of securities held by investee companies: As of December 31, 2007:

Investor	Type of securities	Name of securities	The relationship of the issuers with the Company	General ledger accounts	Number of shares (in thousands)	Book value (Note 2)	Percentage of ownership	Market value per share (in dollars)
Siliconware Investment Company Ltd.	Stock	Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	The Company	Available-for-sale financial assets (non- current)	35,870	\$2,091,223	1.17%	\$58.30 (Note 5)
Siliconware Investment Company Ltd.	Stock	Hsieh Yong Capital Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets carried at cost	50,000	500,000	7.58%	-
Siliconware Investment Company Ltd.	Stock	Phoenix Precision Technology Corporation	The Company holds directorship	Available-for-sale financial assets (non- current)	5,620	154,558	0.82%	27.50
Siliconware Investment Company Ltd.	_	Mega Mission Limited Partnership	_	Financial assets carried at cost	(Note 4)	195,523	4.00%	-
Siliconware Investment Company Ltd.	_	Others (Note 1)	_	Financial assets carried at cost	-	23,532	-	-
SPIL (B.V.I.) Holding Limited	Stock	Siliconware USA, Inc.	Indirect subsidiary of the Company	Long-term investments accounted for under the equity method	1,250	127,055	100.00%	101.64 (Notes 2 and 5)
SPIL (B.V.I.) Holding Limited	Stock	SPIL (Cayman) Holding Limited	Indirect subsidiary of the Company	Long-term investments accounted for under the equity method	70,100	2,143,057	100.00%	30.57 (Notes 2 and 5)
SPIL (Cayman) Holding Limited	Stock	Siliconware Technology (Suzhou) Limited	Indirect subsidiary of the Company	Long-term investments accounted for under the equity method	(Note 3)	2,142,343	100.00%	- (Note 5)

<sup>(1)</sup> Combined amount for individual security less than \$100,000.

- (2) The market value is not available. Therefore, the net equity per share as of December 31, 2007 was used.
- (3) The contributed capital was US\$70,000 thousand.
- (4) The contributed capital was US\$6,000 thousand.
- (5) Eliminated under consolidation.

# (3) Securities for which total buying or selling amount exceed the lower of NT\$100,000 or 20 percent of the capital stock: For the year ended December 31, 2007:

			N	The	ъ : :		A 1.1%			v. 1			F 1: 1	
			Name	relationship	Beginning	baiance	Addition			Disposal			Ending b	alance
			of	of the										
		General	the	issuers	Number		Number		Number			Gain (loss)	Number	
	Name of	ledger	counter	with the	of shares/unit	Amount	of shares/unit	Amount	of shares/unit			from	of shares/unit	Amount
Investor	the security	accounts	party	Company	(in thousands)	(Note 5)	(in thousands)	(Note 5)	(in thousands)	Sale price	Book value	disposal	(in thousands)	(Notes 4 and 5)
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	ITE Tech. Inc.	Available for sale financial asset, non-current	-	-	1,204	\$ 44,582	-	\$ -	1,204	\$ 106,712	\$ 9,295	\$ 97,417	-	\$ -
SPIL (B.V.I.) Holding Limited	SPIL (Cayman) Holding Limited	Long-term investments accounted for under the equity method	Cash capitalization	-	50,100	1,226,616	20,000	648,900	-	-	-	-	70,100	2,143,057
SPIL (Cayman) Holding Limited	Siliconware Technology (Suzhou) Limited	Long-term investments accounted for under the equity method	Cash capitalization	-	(Note 1)	1,225,805	(Note 2)	648,900	-	-	-	-	(Note 3)	2,142,343

<sup>(1)</sup> The contributed capital was US\$50,000 thousand.

<sup>(2)</sup> The contributed capital was US\$20,000 thousand.

<sup>(3)</sup> The contributed capital was US\$70,000 thousand.

<sup>(4)</sup> Ending balance amount included the investment income or loss recognized in current earnings.

<sup>(5)</sup> The foreign currency exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date were used for the currency translation.

(4) Acquisition of real estate with an amount exceeding the lower of NT\$100,000 or 20 percent of the capital stock: For the year ended December 31, 2007:

						Related party as counter party							
	Name of the	Date of	Transaction	Status of		Relation-ship with the	Original owner which sold the	The relationship of the original owner with the	Date of the original		The bases or reference used in deciding the	Purpose and status of the	Other
Investor	properties	transaction	amount	payment	Counter party	Company	counter party	Company	transaction	Amount	price	acquisition	commitment
Siliconware Technology (Suzhou) Limited	Building	July 2006	\$135,363 (RMB 32,500)	\$129,477 (RMB 30,034)	Nantong Yingxiong Construction Corporation Ltd.		_		_	\$ -	As specified in contract	For operating use	Payment made according to construction progress

Note: Amounts in RMB are presented in thousands.

### C. Information of investment in Mainland China:

(1) Information of investment in Mainland China: (The amount in USD is presented in thousands.)

Name of investe		in activities f investee	Capital	Investment method	Accumulated remittance as of December 31, 2006	Remitted or (collected) this period	Accumulated remittance as of December 31, 2007	Ownership held by the Company (Direct and indirect)
Siliconware Technology (Suzhou) Limited	module asser	ng and processing ombly, flash memory		(Note 1)	\$ 1,622,250 (USD 50,000 (Note 3	(USD 20,000)	\$ 2,271,150 (USD 70,000) (Note 3)	100%
Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company during the period	Ending balance of investment	The investment income (loss) remitted back as of December 31, 2007	Accumulated remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	The invest balance approve Investin Commission Ministry of E	ce in M d by a nent I sions, Co Economic Minis	nvestment lainland China ccording to investment commissions, try of Economic Affairs		
\$155,922 (Notes 2 and 3)	\$2,142,343 (Note 3)	-	\$ 2,271,150 (USD 70,000)	•	2,595,600 D 80,000)	\$15,281,631		

Note 1: The Company set up a subsidiary in Cayman Island to invest in Mainland China.

Note 2: The investment income (loss) was recorded based on the financial statements audited by the same auditors of the parent company

Note 3: The foreign currency exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date were used for the currency translation.

<sup>(2)</sup> Material transactions occurred directly between the Company and its Mainland China investee companies and material transactions occurred indirectly between the Company and its Mainland China investee companies via enterprises in other areas: None.

D. The business relationships and the significant transactions as well as amounts between the parent company and the subsidiary: (1) For the year ended December 31, 2007:

			_	Transaction					
	Company		_	General ledger			Transaction	Percentage of consolidated	
No.	Name	Counterparty	Relationship	account		Amount	terms	revenues or total assets	
	Siliconware								
	Precision						As		
	Industries Co.,		Indirect owned				specified in		
0	Ltd.	Siliconware USA, Inc.	subsidiary	Operating expense	\$	542,974	contract	0.63%	

(2) For the year ended December 31, 2006:

			_	Transaction				
	Company			General ledger			Transaction	Percentage of consolidated
No.	Name	Counterparty	Relationship	account	A	Amount	terms	revenues or total assets
	Siliconware							
	Precision						As	
	Industries Co.,		Indirect owned				specified in	
0	Ltd.	Siliconware USA, Inc.	subsidiary	Operating expense	\$	478,608	contract	0.84%

## 32. <u>SEGMENT INFORMATION</u>

# A. Operation in Different Industries:

The Company principally operates in one industry. The Company's operation involves assembly, testing and turnkey services of integrated circuits.

# B. Operations in Different Geographic Areas:

The Company has no significant foreign operations.

# C. Export Sales:

	For the years ended December 31,						
Geographic areas		2006					
U.S. and Canada	\$	37,841,700	\$	34,045,256			
Others		5,161,196		2,580,518			
	\$	43,002,896	\$	36,625,774			

# D. Major Customers:

Revenues from individual customer that represents over 10% of net revenues of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 are set forth below:

	200	07	2006			
		% of		% of		
Customers	Amount	net sale	Amount	net sale		
Customer A	\$ 6,993,244	11	\$ 4,540,738	8		
Customer B	6,735,258	10	5,733,910	10		
	\$13,728,502	21	\$10,274,648	18		